The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,531—NEW SERIES BOMBAY :—THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1882.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

	Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	FRIDAY.
L.	GWALIOR	2733	500	M. de Horne	8th Dec.
—	VENETIA	2726	500	A. B. Daniell	15th ,,
L.	DECCAN	3429	600	J. Orman	22nd ,,
—	LOMBARDY	2726	500	W. E. Breeze	29th ,,
					1883.
L.	BRINDISI	3542	550	R. B. Haselwood	5th Jan.
—	SURAT	3142	530	A. W. Adamson	12th ,,
L.	SUTLEJ	4194	750	A. H. Johnson	19th ,,
—	HYDASPES	2984	500	G. Scrivener	26th ,,
L.	MIRZAPORE	3887	600	C. G. Perrins	2nd Feby.
—	KASHGAR	2621	450	R. G. Murray	9th ,,
L.	ROME	5013	850	G. T. Cates	16th ,,
—	MALWA	2959	500	G. W. Atkinson	23rd ,,
L.	THAMES	4101	750	W. D. Anderson	2nd Mar.
—	VENETIA	2726	500	A. B. Daniell	9th ,,
L.	GANGES	4196	750	W. B. Andrews	16th ,,
—	SURAT	3142	530	A. W. Adamson	23rd ,,
L.	PEKIN	3900	600	A. Symons	30th ,,
—	HYDASPES	2984	500	G. Scrivener	6th Apr.
L.	POONAH	[illegible]	600	J. B. Chapman	13th ,,
—	BOKHARA	[illegible]	500	H. Weighell	20th ,,
L.	CATHAY	[illegible]	[illegible]	W. M. Robbie	27th ,,
—	MALWA	2959	500	G. W. Atkinson	4th May.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, and MARSEILLES, by every Mail. The Steamers marked L proceed direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others passengers change vessels at Suez.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under: THREE MONTHS—From date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi, both ways.	Via Brindisi, one way.	Via London, both ways.
First Class ..	Rs. 950	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
Second Class.	Rs. 500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS—			
First Class ..	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class.	Rs. 600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1882.
THAMES	4101	750	W. D. Anderson	15th Dec.
GANGES	4196	750	W. B. Andrews	29th ,,
				1883.
PEKIN	3900	600	A. Symons	12th Jan.

Return Tickets are now issued :—	1st Class. Rs.	2nd Class. Rs.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	600	375
To Colombo and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Madras and back (available for two months)	210	105
To Calcutta and back do.	330	165
To Penang or Singapore and back (available for three months)	450	225
To Hongkong and back (available for three months)	630	390
To Shanghai or Yokohama and back (available for three months)	810	465

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Colombo.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 6th December, 1882.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO & RUBATTINO'S
UNITED COMPANIES
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.)

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave GENOA on the 24th and BOMBAY on the 1st of each month, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and *vice versa*.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

To ALL PORTS OF ITALY.			TO MARSEILLES.		
I Class ..	₤ 500	Including wines.	I Class ..	₤ 520	Including wines.
II do.	340		II do.	350	
III do.	150	With food.	III do.	155	With food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge.
Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in L[redacted] DON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in Hand-books. All extra Luggage will be charged fo rates which can be ascertained from the Agent.

The following or ot will le Bombay :—
MANILLA, on Frida Dec. 1
RAFFAELE RUBAT Jan. 1
Passengers and on bo free of charge, by t leav Apollo Bunder betw
Through Railway ailable 17 days.

From Genoa.	I Class	Calais Route.	₤ 95	Brighton Route	₤ [illegible]
,,	II do.	do.	.. 70	do.	.. 58
From Naples.	I do.	do.	.. 145	do.	.. 130
,,	II do.	do.	.. 105	do.	.. 93

For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c. apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
Bombay, Nov. 20, 1882.

FRENCH LINE.
CIE NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION.

Regular monthly steamers to Marseilles doing the run in 20 days.

THE new first-class steamer COLOMBO, 2,017 tons, 450 horse-power, will leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES direct on the 24th December.

She has, in common with the other new steamers of this Company, splendid accommodation for passengers, being built specially with a view to their comfort, the cabins being roomy and containing two berths only. She carries Doctor and Stewardess.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First class to Marseilles, Rs. 500 including wines.
Children under three years of age free of charge.
,, over three and under eight ½ charge.
,, ,, eight and under twelve ½ ,,

The Railway fares from Marseilles to London are as follows :—
Via Calais and Dover (Mail)......... 1st class ₤ 7 5 0
Via Dieppe .... 1st class ,, 5 18 1

The above steamer will be followed by the Canton or Comorin leaving 21st January.

Steamers of this line will leave Bombay regularly on the 21st of each month from January, and they will sail from Marseilles, on the 20th of each month.

For further particulars apply to

Messrs. RALLI BROTHERS,
Agents.
Bombay, 21st Nov., 1882.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT MALTA.

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

S.S.	Tons.	H. P.	To Sail.
WISTOW HALL	2,700	400	12th Dec.
RYDAL HALL	2,700	400	
SPEKE HALL	2,700	400	
MERTON HALL	4,100	500	

Special terms can be made for passengers leaving during June to November.

These fast Steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay Trade.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

For plans, hand-books of information, and other particulars as to Passage apply to EDWARD BATES & Co., and KING, KING and Co.

CARGO.

N.B.—Cargo is carried via Liverpool on favourable terms on through Bills of Lading to London, Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Antwerp, Ghent, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Dunkirk, New York, Boston, and Philadelphia.

The shipment of packages from up-country by this line is also undertaken.

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
33, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 23rd May, 1882.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYDS' S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE
VIA CANAL.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons	HP	To sail
PANDORA (new)	G. Sturli	3,800	550	8th Dec.
				1883.
BERENICE (new)	P. Crillovich	3,500	550	8th Jan.
HELIOS	A. Tercig	2,000	400	8th Feb.
MEDUSA (new)	G. Ragusin	3,9.0	550	8th Mar.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices as under :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140 0
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	375	295	143 0
To Port Said	320	255	131 0
To Suez	300	240	122 0
To Aden	170	130	66 8

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons	HP.	To sail
HELIOS	A. Tercig	2,000	400	2nd Dec.
MEDUSA (new)	G. Ragusin	3,900	550	2nd Jan.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Oct. 10, 1882.

N. V. CURRANEE AND Co.,
INDIAN TRANSIT AND GENERAL SHIPPING, FORWARDING, CUSTOM HOUSE AND OVERLAND PARCEL AGENTS,
Elphinstone-circle, (opposite the Custom House.)

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR LONDON.

S. S. ETHIOPIA, 2,032 Tons, on 20th December, calling at Kurrachee, Aden, Suez, Port Said, and Algiers.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. MECCA, 1,450 Tons, on THURSDAY, 7th December, 1882, at 4 p. m., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopaulpore and False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. EUPHRATES, 802 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 13th December, 1882, at 4 p. m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. BURMAH, 1,080 tons, on 10th December, at 10 a.m.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

THE steamer leaving Bombay on 21st December, will call at Honore for the purpose of landing passengers desirous of visiting the Gairsoppa Falls.—The steamer due to arrive in Bombay on 3rd January will also call off Honore to re-embark passengers. Return fare Rs. 65. Servants Rs. 18.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 6th December, 1882.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA,

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamer without charge for Commission.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s.s. INCHULVA, from Liverpool, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our counter-signature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the PRINCE'S DOCK. All chafed or damaged Goods must be surveyed before removal from the Dock, and no claims will be admitted after the steamer leaves.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents for Captain, and Owners, s.s. Inchulva.
Bombay, 4th December, 1882.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTIES
In CIGAR and CIGARETTE CASES.
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
FORT ESTABLISHMENT.

NOVELTIES
In SILVER JEWELLERY.
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
FORT ESTABLISHMENT.

UNSWEETENED GIN.

TREACHER'S SPECIAL IMPORTATION.

A SAFE and WHOLESOME STIMULANT, eminently suited for Indian consumption.

Per case of 1 dozen, cash Rs. 18.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
[redacted]MBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SS'S BEER IN WOOD,
DIRECT FROM MESSRS. BASS & Co.
ENTS of the above, special- lected from the finest brew- eceived fortnightly per mail-steamer.

Per Hogshead, Cash......Rs. 78
Per Kilderkin, Cash...... 30

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED.

PROFESSOR BARFF'S
BORO-GLYCERIDE,
A HARMLESS AND EFFECTUAL FOOD PRESERVATIVE,

HAS neither smell nor flavour. Preserves all kinds of meats, poultry, fish, oysters, milk, &c.

Invaluable for children, as it prevents acetous fermentation in milk, and, being harmless, may be used with it for infants.

TOUGH MEAT NO LONGER TOLERABLE, DIP IT IN BORO-GLYCERIDE AND HANG TILL TENDER.

Price per 1 lb. bottle Rs. 5 net.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

THE SALE OF
TREACHER & CO.'S RENOWNED
BLENDED GLENLIVET WHISKY

CONTINUES monthly to increase, and the Custom House returns show that it is fully equal to those of any other half-dozen brands of SCOTCH WHISKY imported into the Bombay Market.

Cash price per dozen Rs. 22-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FOR SALE.

1—REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.
BY
W. WEDDERBURN, BOM. C. S.
PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.

May be had at this offic and at the book-sellers.

LAYS OF THE LAW,
BEING
A SELECTION OF
LEADING CASES
FROM
THE BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS
DONE INTO VERSE AFTER THE MANNER OF VARIOUS OTHER GREAT POETS.
BY
W. E. H.

Copies can be had at the BOMBAY GAZETTE Office.

Price, Re. 1-8-0. Postage, anna 1.

OFFICIAL MAP
OF THE DELTA,
LOWER EGYPT,

BASED on the ENGLISH and FRENCH ADMIRALTY SURVEYS and other authorities, and particularly on the Map of MAHMUD BEY, showing RAILWAY STATIONS, TELEGRAPH COMMUNICATIONS, &c.

MOUNTED ON CLOTH AND ROLLERS,
PRICE, Re. 1.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER and Co. our Agents at Poona for the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily,
,, ,, ,, Overland Summary,
,, ,, ,, Weekly Budget,
,, ,, ,, Bi-weekly,
The Indian Travellers' Guide
Maclean's Guide to Bombay,

and for all other publications issuing from this office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER and Co.'s Branch Establishment, East-street, Poona.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER...HERR BANDMANN.
STAGE MANAGER.........MR. AUGUSTUS GLOVER.

TO-NIGHT, THURSDAY, DEC. 7, 1882.
EAST LYNNE
OR
THE ELOPEMENT.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, DEC. 8, 1882.
GRAND FASHIONABLE BENEFIT
Tendered by
HERR BANDMANN to Mr. AUGUSTUS GLOVER.
BOUCICAULT'S AMERICAN SENSATIONAL DRAMA, in 5 acts, entitled the
OCTOROON
OR
LIFE IN LOUISIANA.

MISS BEAUDET will appear as ZOEY,
MR. AUGUSTUS GLOVER as SALEM SCUDDER,
MR. FRANK STUART who has kindly consented to appear in his famous part as the INDIAN,
and the entire
LONDON COMPANY.

BLACK OR WHITE?
IN THE EYES OF GOD ALL MEN ARE FREE BORN!
NEW SCENERY. NEW EFFECTS.
NEW APPOINTMENTS.

SATURDAY, BY URGENT REQUEST,
PATIENCE.

Seats can be booked at SOUNDY & Co.

FOR THE PRESS.

WANTED—A SUB-EDITOR. Must be thoroughly competent for the subordinate work of a daily newspaper office, and a *verbatim* short-hand Reporter. Unexceptionable testimony to personal and professional character indispensable. Salary Rs. 250, rising to Rs. 400 a month.

Apply to the MANAGER, "Pioneer" Press, Allahabad.

NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned, beg to state that our SOLE APPOINTED AGENT in BOMBAY is Mr. EDULJEE PESTONJEE, who is PROPRIETOR of the CHUBB'S BOX and LOCK MART, 47, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort (a few paces from the *Times of India* Office.)

CHUBB & SON,
128, Queen Victoria St., London.

THE BOMBAY TRADE AND FINANCE BANK

Advance money upon Real Estate and Personal Security.

Commence business, 1st January, 1883.

A. FISHER, Manager.
Tempry. offices 44, Tamarind, late Church Lane.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

JUST RECEIVED:
LETTS'S DIARIES for 1883, of all shapes and sizes.
HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S GREETING CARDS of the best makers, from As. 4 to Rs. 3 each.
HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

DE LA RUE'S best PLAYING CARDS of various prices.
HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

WATERLOW & SON'S STYLOGRAPHIC SELF-INKED PEN, Rs. 10.
HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.—A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay will be held here on FRIDAY, 15th instant, at 4 o'clock p.m., for the consideration of the following business :—

1. Election of Auditors.
2. Letter from the Municipal Commissioner, forwarding letter from the Accountant General offering to audit the Municipal Accounts by an outside audit branch of his office. The Accountant General states that he thinks such audit would be much more rigid than that by private auditors. (See agenda paper for this meeting circulated to the Corporation.)

Sir Frank H. Souter, Kt., C. S. I., will move, and the Hon'ble Rao Saheb Vishvanath Narayan Mandlik, C. S. I., will second, the election of Mr. Ardaseer Framjee Moos and Mr. Nanabhoy Rastamjee Ranina as Auditors for the ensuing year.

Sanction to be asked to the payments, aggregating Rs. 4,002-8-0, from Surplus Cash Balance, as recommended by the Town Council as per details submitted to the members of the Corporation.

3. Town Council's Resolution recommending the Corporation to sanction the transfer of Rs. 24,317, from savings on the Surface Drainage allotment, to meet the estimated additional cost of the Queen's Road Sewer.
4. Government letter forwarding copy of a despatch from H. M.'s Secretary of State conveying the sentiments which Her Imperial Majesty the Queen-Empress has been graciously pleased to express in reply to the congratulations of the Princes, Chiefs and peoples of India on Her Majesty's escape from the attempt made upon her life some months since.

Gokuldass Jugmohundass, Esquire, will move that a committee not exceeding six members be appointed to consider and report, in conjuction with the Municipal Commissioner, on the question of the amendment of the Municipal Acts, with a view to an amending Bill being so prepared as to give due effect in the city of Bombay, to the new scheme of local self-government formulated by the Government of India.

By order of the Chairman,
H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation, & Secretary, Town Council.
Municipal Corporation Office, Bombay, 6th Dec. 1882.

PORTLAND CEMENT.—The OLD and well-known "NINE ELMS" brand which, when carefully tested, at the Paris International Exhibition, was found considerably superior to Cement of other Manufacturers, and received the HIGHEST AWARD given for ENGLISH CEMENT.

Tensile strength 800lbs. per 1½" square block. Price, Rs. 8-8 per cask of 400 lbs. gross weight.

WARDEN & Co.
35, Meadow-street, Fort.

MADON'S NEVER-FAILING
PULMONIC BALM.

IT has already gained a repute for its curative properties for Cough, Cold, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Hoarseness of Sound, and other varieties of Chest and Lung affections. It is composed of simply vegetable drugs, and may be given to children and delicate persons without the least fear.

Per bottle Re. 1 and annas 8.

B. S. MADON & CO.

PERFUMERY.

RICH TOILET SOAPS.

A PARCEL of the following EXTRA HIGHLY PERFUMED SOAPS has been received by the undersigned :—

			per case of 3 tablets.
ATKINSON'S	Jockey Club	Soaps	...Rs. 4
,,	Ess. Boquet	Ditto.	... ,, 4
,,	Frangipani	Ditto.	... ,, 4
,,	Otto Rose	Ditto.	... ,, 4
,,	White Rose	Ditto.	... ,, 4
,,	Millefleur	Ditto.	... ,, 4

NOTE.—The above are beautifully perfumed, pure and perfect Toilet Soaps; and being prepared with pure materials are strongly recommended for healing, preserving, and beautifying the skin.

B. S. MADON & CO.

J. AND E. ATKINSON AND OTHERS'
PERFUMERY.
SWEET SCENTS FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF.

THE following kinds are generally kept in stock, manufactured by Atkinson, Rimmel, Lubin, and Piesse and Lubin, &c., &c. :—

White Rose.
Opoponax.
Ylang Ylang.
Forget-me-not.
Kiss me quietly.
Kiss me, Love, again.
Rose.
Ess. Boquet.
Violette.
Lily-of-the-Valley.
D'Heliotrope.
Jasmin.
Princess Beatrice.
Prince of Wales.
Jockey Club.
Tubereuse.
Kiss-me-quick.
Honeysuckle.
Blush Rose.
Provence Rose.
Sweet Briar.
Wood-Violet.
New Mown-Hay.
Prize Medal Boquet.
Eu de Portugal.
Princess Alice.
Empress Eugenie.
Boquet de la Reine Victoria.
&c. &c. &c. &c.

B. S. MADON & CO.,
HUMMUM-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!
NEW SEASON'S STOCK ARRIVED.
CASH PRICES.

	Rs.	
BLACK FELT, Rounded Crown, Feather weight 3 oz.	5	0
BLACK FELT, Hard Crown	6	0
BLACK FELT, Patent Diaphanous Lining	6	12
BROWN FELT, Patent Diaphanous Lining	6	12
DRAB FELT, Patent Diaphanous Lining	6	12
BLACK FELT, Rounded Crown, Extra Wide Brim ..	9	0
BLACK FELT, Soft Crown, Spring Brim	9	8
BLACK FELT, Square, Soft Crown, Spring Brim ..	9	8
DRAB SOFT FELT	5	4
BROWN and BLACK BEAVER, "Wide-awake" ..	5	4
The "ISTHMIAN" or KNOCKABOUT HAT, in Drab, Fawn, etc.	3	0

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

OUR CHRISTMAS BAZAAR IS NOW OPEN.

TOYS, DOLLS, GAMES AND AMUSEMENTS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
AN ENGLISH PRICES, PRICE LIST POST FREE.

WATSON & CO., ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

BOLTON AND COMPANY

Have the pleasure to announce to the public of Bombay and Mofussil the opening of 10,000 most useful articles suitable for CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

BOLTON & COMPANY,
RAMPART-ROW.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!!
EASE, COMFORT, AND PRECISION.

MADE TO MEASURE {HOAR & CO.'S} OR READY FOR WEAR.

	Rs.		Rs.
OXFORD CLOTH, the original soft make, in all the new Designs.	6 for 36	TROPICAL FLANNEL, a new shrinkless material	6 for 46
FRENCH PRINTED CAMBRIC, a large choice of the latest Designs	6 for 30	BEST WOVE FLANNEL, all the new Colours (thoroughly shrunk)	6 for 54
PLAIN WHITE, Military Fronts, for wear with Uniform	6 for 23	SILK and WOOL, a new make, light, cool, and comfortable	6 for 56
BEST WHITE, Fine Linen Fronts...	6 for 28	CRICKETING or BOATING, Fine White Saxony Flannel	6 for 52
BEST WHITE, Collars attached.........	6 for 32		
SUPERFINE WHITE, Fine Linen Collars, Fronts and Cuffs	6 for 36	SPUN SILK, White, Fancy Checks or Stripes, a great luxury	6 for 72

DISCOUNT—Two Annas in the Rupee *(equal to 12½ per cent.)*

HOAR & CO., SHIRT-MAKERS, 13, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, CHAINMAKERS, &c.,
BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

WE continue to receive regular weekly shipments of our well-known

CHEAP SILVER LEVER WATCHES.

It is now about 16 years since we introduced these Watches in this country. During this time their quality has been unceasingly improved by our manufactory year for year, so that they are now unquestionably by far superior to Watches generally sold in India at considerably higher rates.

These watches are always in stock :—

In open-faced silver cases ....Rs 25
Do. hunting ,, ... ,, 26*
Do. half-hunting ,, ... ,, 27*

The Watches marked * are also in stock in extra heavy sterling silver cases and of superior finish, at Rs. 35.

GUARANTEE ONE YEAR—POSTAGE FREE.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.

NEW MUSIC.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a
The oriental dance Album, containing 8 popular dances	1 0	Songs of Eastern Europe, cloth, gilt	3 0
The oriental Pianoforte Album, containing 9 Pianoforte pieces	1 0	Songs of Scandinavia, cloth, gilt	3 0
The oriental Vocal Album, containing 10 popular songs	1 0	Modern Ballads, cloth, gilt	3 0
Gatty's songs for children, paper covers	1 14	The Cavendish Music Book—50 numbers, each (Send for detailed list)	0 12
Songs of Italy, cloth, gilt	3 0	Morley's Magazine, 10 numbers, each	0 12
		Hammond's Music Portfolio—12 numbers, each	0 12
		Mohawk Minstrel Magazine, 25 numbers, each	0 12

CHEAP EDITION OF BOOSEY'S ROYAL SONG BOOKS,
Paper covers, each Re. 1-14.

72 Humourous Songs.
60 Mendelssohn's Songs.
150 Songs of Scotland.
100 Songs of Scandinavia.
75 Schuman's Songs.
60 Songs of France.
100 Songs of England, Vol. 1.
100 do. do. Vol. 2.
100 Songs of Ireland.

SONGS OF WALES.

Any of the above can be had in cloth, with gilt edges, at Rs. 3 each.

OPERAS, &c.

		Rs. as.
CARMEN,	full vocal score	4 8
OLIVETTE,	do.	6 0
BOCCACCIO,	do.	3 12
MASCOTTE,	do.	6 0
PINAFORE,	do.	3 0
PIRATES OF PENZANCE,	do.	3 12
PATIENCE,	do.	3 12
CLOCHES DE CORNEVILLE (abridged Ed.)		3 0
BARNETT'S ANCIENT MARINER,	do.	4 8
Do. PARADISE and the PERI,	do.	4 8

OPERETTAS.

		Rs. as.
All about a Bonnett	E. Harraden	1 8
Hamilton Tighe	G. Fox	0 12
Mock Turtles	E. Fanning	1 14
Uncle Samuel	Geo. Grossmuth	1 14

N. B.—New Catalogue of Instruments and Music free on application.

S. ROSE AND CO.,
21, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.
(OPPOSITE THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.)

TEMPLE BAR.

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT.

PROGRAMME.

TO-NIGHT.

1.	March	Fest Zug	Nelmicky.
2.	Overture	Sommernachts Traum	Suppé.
3.	Waltz	Darling	Slavany.
4.	Medley	Norma	Stasny.
5.	Mazurka	Sulcinella	Faust.
6.	Selection	Frühling im Mädchen her zen	Franke.
7.	Overture	Girofle Girofla	Lecocq.
8.	Waltz	Aus dem Cohmer Wald	Kopetzky.
9.	Polka	Kirmes	Faust.
10.	Galop	Vorwarts	Kaulich.

GRAND CAFE RESTAURANT.

THE MANAGER has the pleasure of informing the Public that a French Chef de Cuisine has just been brought from Europe specially for the Establishment.

Breakfasts, Dinners, and Tiffins can now be supplied to customers in a superior style, at moderate charges. All Liquors are of the very best quality.

ADMISSION TO GALLERY—ONE RUPEE.
Commencing at 9 p.m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

DAVE CARSON........LESSEE & RESPONSIBLE MANAGER.
SEASON 1883.
MR. CARSON,
INDIA'S OWN ENTREPRENEUR
For the past 21 years,
has the honour to announce that
MISS LOUISE POMEROY,
THE GIFTED SHAKESPEARIAN AND POETIC ARTISTE,
will shortly appear, supported by
MR. J. DEWHURST
AND
THE GREAT POMEROY DRAMATIC COMBINATION.
No subscription required.
NO NOVICES AND NO LITIGATION.

MR. ESSUBJEE ADUMJEE has just received, per S. S. ROME, the undermentioned NEW SHOP GOODS :—

Drab and Black Dress Hats.
Black Felt Hats, high and low crowns.
Shooting Hats.
Madras Felt Hats.
Volunteer Helmets.
Gent's Cuffs and Collars.
Gent's Neckties of all kinds.
Braces.
Warm and Cotton Socks.
Warm and Cotton Stockings.
White and Pink Silk Stockings.
Quiltings for Waistcoats.
Merino and Cricketing Gurnzies.
Ladies' Silk Gloves.
Ladies' white Kid Gloves, with 3 and 4 buttons.
Gent's white Kid Gloves.
Seal and Musquash Caps.
Ladies' Corsets, D. quality.
White and Colored Shirts.
Black and Colored Broadcloths.
Black and Blue Coatings.
Cashmeres and Venetians.
Serge, Tweed and Cashmere Suits, for cold weather, from Rs. 10 to Rs. 20.
Colored Serge for Ladies' Dresses.
Ladies' Black and White Fans.
Cloths for Gentlemen's Overcoats.
Scents, &c., &c.

ESSUBJEE ADUMJEE.
No. 87, Meadow Street, Fort, 7th December.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing time and fare tables of the Railway Companies, Steam-boats and Dak companies, the routes between the principal Indian towns, tables of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c. With a new Coloured Map of India, showing every Railway station on the Indian lines. Price eight annas. Indian postage one anna. Published on the first of every month at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

NOTICES.

IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a MEETING of the DIRECTORS was held on the 16th inst. when a SIXTH CALL of RUPEES FIFTY per share was made payable at the Bank of Bombay on the 16th Dec. 1882.

By order of the Directors,
R. HYDE CHEETHAM & CO.,
Secretaries and Agents.
7, Hummum-street, Bombay, 30th Nov. 1882.

SALVATION ARMY.

HINDEE THEATRE, corner of Grant and Falkland Roads.—Meetings EVERY EVENING at 5 p.m.

SALVATION TENT, Crawford Market.—Meetings daily at 7-30 a.m. and 8 p.m.

MAJOR TUCKER.
Head-quarters, Salvation Army, Bombay.

VIENNA ICE-CREAM SALOON!!!

M. HIRSCH, the Proprietor of this well known Establishment, has great pleasure in announcing his arrival from Europe and in thanking his customers for their past support, begs to inform them that he has RE-OPENED his BUSINESS, and hopes to be again patronized in the same-kind way.

He has brought different sorts of European fruits for Ices, and Ice Puddings, and Jellies, and Turkish delights for sale.

All Orders carefully and promptly executed.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

2, Church-gate-street, Bombay.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, Limited.
NOTICE.

THE FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Hummum-street, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 11th December, 1882, at 4 o'clock p.m., Bombay time.

1st—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the audited Balance sheet for the period ending 15th November, 1882.
2nd—To appoint Directors.
3rd—To appoint an Auditor for the ensuing year and to fix his remuneration.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 2nd to the 11th December, 1882, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
R. HYDE CHEETHAM & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.
No. 7, Hummum-street, Bombay, 9th November, 1882.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, Limited.

PAID UP CAPITAL, fcs. 6,500,000.

OUR GRAMME MACHINES have been declared the BEST at all Government trials at WOOLWICH, &c., and have received the HIGHEST AWARDS at all the Exhibitions.

Electric Machines	for 10 incandescent lamps	Rs.	350
Do.	for 40 do.	,,	750
Do.	for arc light of 5,000 candles	,,	750
Do.	for 6 arc lights of 2,000 candles each	,,	1,200
Do.	for 8 ,, ,, 500 ,,	,,	1,280
Do.	for 20 ,, ,, 500 ,,	,,	2,000

Our prices for first cost and hourly working DEFY ALL COMPETITION.

F. FISCHER,
Agent and General Manager.

AGENTS:
Messrs. PEEL, CASSELS and Co., Bombay.
Messrs. GILLANDERS, ARBUTHNOT and Co., Calcutta.
Messrs. BINNY and Co., Madras.

T. DREWET, M. E.
CONSULTING ENGINEER,
SURVEYOR AND VALUER,
ENGINEER'S GENERAL AGENT.
EXPERIMENTAL MACHINERY,
MECHANICAL DRAWING, TRACING, &c.
PLANS AND ESTIMATES PREPARED,
MACHINERY, &c., BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION
WORK INSPECTED DURING PROGRESS,
HEAVY MACHINERY LANDED AND FORWARDED.
Mills and Factories of all kinds estimated & contracted for.
AGENTS FOR
Charles Jones, successor to the late J. Hodgart, inventor of HODGART'S PRESSES.
Messrs. Thwaites Brothers, Engineers, Vulcan Works, Bradford, Yorkshire.
Armitage's Vegetative, for removing or preventing scale and corrosion in Boilers.
MANGANITE PAINTS,
PROCTOR'S MECHANICAL STOKER,
Universal non-conductant, for preventing loss of heat by radiation from exposed surfaces.
PENDULOUS DONKEY ENGINE.
No. 5, Apollo-street, Fort.

CLEARANCE SALE.

Messrs. CH. ZERRENNER & CO.,
No. 4, Elphinstone-circle,

CLOSING their RETAIL BUSINESS will hold a clearance sale of their extensive stock in trade consisting of—

KEROSINE-OIL LAMPS OF ALL DESCRIPTION.
Do. COOKINGSTOVES.
SILBERS' PATENT TABLE LAMPS.
COMBINATION KOSMOS WIND PROOF LAMPS.
BOHEMIAN GLASSWARE.
PERPETUAL AND OTHER FOUNTAINS.
SUPERIOR IRON SAFES OF SIZES.
DO. CASH BOXES.
FANCY GOODS TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.
ICE MACHINES.
TOYS, AIR GUNS, & PISTOLS.
GOLD AND SILVER JEWELLERY.
LADIES AND GENTLEMAN'S STERLING SILVER WATCH-GUARDS, &c., &c.

Prices exceedingly low, no reasonable offer will be refused.

CH. ZERRENNER & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE COORLA SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.

THE DEBENTURES of this Company falling due on the 1st of January, 1883, will be paid off with interest up to the 31st December, 1882, on and after the 28th instant. Interest will cease on date of maturity.

By order of the Board,
B. & A. HORMARJEE,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Elphinstone Circle, 6th December, 1882.

JUST ARRIVED.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT containing Children's Prize Books, Picture Books, Picture Albums, and Books for Holiday Presents, &c., &c., beautifully ornamented and gilt.

PRICES VERY MODERATE.
Catalogue not separately printed.
ATMARAM SAGOON and Co., Booksellers, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

EVERY ONE who has seen the Sewing Machine you sent me says it is really a BEAUTY, and I must add that it has given me every satisfaction.—H. A. GEYER & Co., Bombay.

JUST received, a few travelling Bath-Tubs, with padlock and key, leather strap and inner wicker basket, Rs. 25 each. J. NEUBERG.

HAMILTON'S.—The nearest Hotel to the Prince's Dock, a thoroughly good hotel, clean, comfortable and an excellent table.—W. J. JONES, 2nd November, 1882.

A SECOND-HAND OFFICE SHIGRAM FOR SALE. Apply to X., care of this office.

FOR SALE, a handsome long haired well bred TERRIER, full grown, weight about 3 lbs. Apply to the PRESIDENCY PAY MASTER.

INFANTS' HATS AND BONNETS.—Plush, Satin, Silk and Cashmere Hoods, Hats and Bonnets. Boys' Sailor Hats.—Mrs. LAKE, 7, Church Gate Street.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Ladies' black, white and cream satin Boots and Shoes.—Mrs. LAKE, 7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

WANTED, by an ENGINEER, with certificate and good papers, EMPLOYMENT in a Cotton Press. Please reply to M. M., care of this paper.

FOR SALE, a large number of HOGSHEADS, empty, at Rs. 5-8 each, in pack, Rs. 5-2. Apply VULLEEBHOY KHANBHOY, Town Barracks, Bombay.

DACCA RACES.—Owners and Trainers are reminded that the HANDICAPS for the BHOWAL and HAFIZOOLAH PURSES CLOSE on the 10th inst.

FANCY PRESENTS, Cards and Cakes for Xmas and New Year is to be sold off at very cheap rates.—VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, 2, Church Gate St.

WANTED, a CLERK to proceed to Goa, who understands to keep accounts in English and Portuguese. Apply H. F. SOARES and Co., Apollo-street, Fort.

D COMPANY, B. V. R.—Company drill at BYCULLA at 6-30 (Bombay time) on FRIDAY MORNING. RED UNIFORM.—W. M. TENNENT, Capt.

A QUANTITY of best plated ware belonging to J. Lumsdaine, Esq., will be sold by auction on Tuesday, 12th Dec. at No. 24, Church Gate Street, opposite *Times of India* old office.

PANDIT BHAGAVANLAL INDRAJEE'S PAMPHLET on ANTIQUARIAN REMAINS found at Sopara and Padana may be had from the Librarian, B. B. R. Asiatic Society. Price one rupee.

JUST LANDED, a small consignment of GERMAN BEER, of excellent quality, from Ehrhardt Freres, in cases of 3 and 4 doz. qts. Rs. 5 per doz.—D. P. BATHA & Co., Sole Agents.

FOR SALE, J. and F. MARTELL'S well known and much appreciated OLD BRANDY, per case of 1 doz. qts. Rs. 25½ net cash.—D. P. BATHA and Co., Sole Agents.

LIGHT BREAKFAST CLARET, CHATEAU de FADEVILLE. Price Rs. 10 per doz. qts.—D. P. BATHA and Co., Sole Agents.

FOR SALE, CHEAP, 1 strong built JOLLY BOAT, complete, teak-wood also 8 commodes. Apply by letter to Captain Madgshon, care of Messrs. Cursetjee and Edujee, Dubashes, Forbes-street, or on board the S. S. Iris, off Customs bunder.—H. MADGSHON, Master.

FOR SALE, FOX TERRIER, splendid young creature, well trained. Apply INCHULVA, Prince's Dock, Bombay.

TAYLOR'S HOTEL, FORT, Rampart Row, Bombay. ROOMS now available. Apply on the premises for Terms.

THE CHAMPION CUE, as used by Roberts, Cooke and all the best players, can only be had from JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Bombay.

IN answer to numerous inquiries Mr. DAVIS, SURGEON DENTIST, is now in Bombay.—TAYLOR'S HOTEL, FORT. Hours 10 to 6.

M. FREYBERGER, contractor for Artistic Decorations, Importer of Italian Marble, &c., No. 3, Dean Lane, Fort, or Byculla Hotel.

WANTED, immediately a CERTIFICATED MATE for the Barquentine SPEEDWELL. Apply to Capt. BREBNER, Shipping Office.

WANTED, a MESSMAN for Officers' Mess 2nd Lanc. Fus. A good COOK indispensable. Apply MESS PRESIDENT, 2, Lanc. Fus., Mhow.

TO LET, airy OFFICES and RESIDENCES in the block of buildings in Apollo-street, opposite the old Secretariat. Framjee Cowasjee Marker, Bombay.

THE Invested Funds of the Standard Life Office amount to Five Million and three quarter pounds Sterling and the Revenue exceeds £800,000 per annum.

DELICIOUS CHRISTMAS WINES.—Montilla, Malagasweet, Mauntain, Muscatel, Madeira, at Rs. 21 per dozen. BARTON & Co., Church-gate-street, Bombay.

RUGBY HOTEL on the Church plateau nearest to Gymkhana, &c. MALET SPRING AERATED WATERS manufactured. SODAWATER Ru. ee a Dozen.

FOR SALE, Pumps, Winches, Block, Duplex Punches Carpenter's and Smith's Tools, Safes, Chaff-cutters Gram-crushers, Cooking stoves, &c.—HORMUSJEE & Co. opposite Bombay Bank.

FRESH arrival of luscious Spanish Peaches, Apricots & Pears. Large tins (over 2½ lbs) Rs. 15 per doz., small do., Rs. 9½. Sample tin As. 13. Liberal discount to the trade. D. SALA & Co., 10, Hornby-row.

FOR SALE, on Saturday next, at Bennett's Auction, a strong built district TONGA with removable top and a pair of dun-colour Kilaree PONIES, fast and quiet: both go in saddle; HARNESS, &c., complete.

REQUIRED, a BAND MASTER, for the 2nd Belooch Regiment, must have good testimonials, liberal terms offered. For further particulars apply to CAPTAIN BROOME, Band President, 2nd Belooch Regiment, Karachi, Sind.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable PHAETONS and TONGAS can be had for Mahableshwar, Sattara, &c., &c., at very moderate rates from PEROSHAW BURJORJEE, Proprietor of stage carriages, Main-street, Poona.

MAHABLESHWAR READY LAID DAK.—Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

FOR SALE, A COLLECTION OF LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price, Rs. 5, interleaved, Rs. 6-8.—Apply at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

BRITISH, EGYPTIAN AND RUSSIAN TORPEDOES, Re. 1 per doz.—PEARSE, APOLLO STREET.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 6.

CONSOLS in London yesterday were ⅛ lower at 101⅛, but otherwise there was no change in Reuter's usual quotations for stocks. General Produce in all its branches remains unaltered, but wheat is the turn lower.

COTTON in Liverpool yesterday was unchanged, both as regards tone and spot prices, but Americans to arrive were 1-32d. higher. In New York yesterday quotations both for ready cotton and futures were unaltered. The recipts to date give the following comparisons :—

	1882.	1881.	1880.
Tuesday's Receipts	41,000	32,000	36,000
Four days' do.	123,000	120,000	130,000
Total since 1st Sept.	2,545,000	2,377,000	2,655,000

EXCHANGE has been distinctly weak during the day, very little has been done, and rates are practically 1-32d. lower all round. The depressing influence has been the news from New York regarding the proposed restriction in the coinage of silver in the United States. Practically this amounts to nothing at the moment, but should the suggestion now made by President Arthur be adopted, it will be another item against the metal. Closing quotations for ready bills are :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 7 17-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 7 15-32d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 7 21-32d.	,,
Credits, 3 ,,	1s. 7 25-32d.	,,
Francs, 3 ,,	2·08½	,,

On Calcutta the rate for demand drafts has recovered to 3-16 per cent. premium, but 60 days' sight has declined to ¾ discount.

At the usual board meeting of the directors of the Bank of Bombay this afternoon an advance of one per cent. was made in rates of interest and discount all round, the following being the present official rates :—

DISCOUNT CHARGED—	
On Government Bills	5
On Private Bills	7
INTEREST CHARGED—	
On Demand Loans on Government Paper and Bullion. Port Trust Bonds	5
On Loans on Deposit of Government Securities. Port Trust Bonds	5
On Loans on Deposit of Goods and Metals in Godown or on Port Trust Warrants	6
On Cash Credits on Deposit of Government Securities	5½
On Cash Credits on Deposit of Goods and Metals in Godown or on Port Trust Warrants	7

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been quieter, and for Fours the quotation has receded to Rs. 99⅝, and for Fours-and-a-half to Rs. 106.

SHARES have felt the effect of the advance of the Bank of Bombay rate, and are weaker all round. Bank of Bombays are down to Rs. 781¼. Press Companies are in a general way unaltered, but Colabas are Rs. 30 lower at Rs. 1,150, Fort Press Rs. 25 higher at Rs. 2,600. Spinning and Weaving Companies are dull, and in some few instances Rs. 5 lower. Bombay-Burmah Trading Co.'s shares are Rs. 10 higher at Rs. 2,775.

COTTON has been quiet to-day, but practically prices are unchanged. About 1,000 bales have been bought for export, consisting of Broach at Rs. 213 to Rs. 214 ready, Akola good at Rs. 190, good Julgaum for January, February, March at Rs. 184 per candy. Sellers still keep rather out of the market, and no doubt will do so until cotton comes to hand more freely.

SEEDS and WHEAT are still unchanged.

FREIGHTS are steady. The Red Sea (s. s.) has been fixed for Marseilles, early loading, at 27s. 6d., and the Knight of St. Patrick, for Havre, May loading, at 35s. per ton. Liverpool rates are the same.

PIECE-GOODS are dull at former rates.

COALS keep steady, and near deliveries are rather tendering upwards.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	7p.ct.	781¼
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	5 do.	885
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	4 do.	675nl
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	all	3 do.	130
National Bank of India	37,320	250	12½	3 12	97xd

LAND COMPANIES

	Shares.	Amt	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Frere Land	7,500	150	150	Rs. 9	2
Mazagon Land, &c	1,750	2,000	2,000	..	24
New Colaba Co.	4,000	3,000	2,925	Rs. 30	805
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,400	1,400	Rs. 13	245

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	500	90	1,425
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	350	..	350
Parell S. & W. Co. Ld.	2,500	400	400	16	220xd.
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	100	100	Rs. 7½	135
New issue	..	100	70	..	98
Alfred Manufacturing Company	1,000	500	500	22½p.s	540
Alliance Cotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	..	Rs. 30	775
Bhownuggur Mills	4,800	100	100	..	40
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 45	990
Budneira M'f'g. Co., Ld.	1,000	..	500	..	445
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	Rs. 30	640
Cooria Mills	800	50	1,000	Rs. 40	850
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	nil	462½
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,136	500	all	Rs. 25	750
Golam-Baba S. Co.	1,000	500	400	20	550
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	1,050
Hydrabad Spinning Co.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,050
Imperial Cotton Mills Company	900	500	250	..	235
Jaffer Ali Spin. Co.	600	500	500	50	690
Jewraz Bhalloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,070
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	915
Khatao Mackunlee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	970
Leopold S., Bleaching & Mfg. Co., Ld.	3,500	100	100	..	121
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	150 p.s.	2,345
Mahalukshmi	150	1,000	500	Rs. 35	830
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	Rs. 6[illegible]	1315
Mazagon Spinning Co.	5,000	250	250	12 p. s.	235
Morarjee Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,340
National Spinning	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	840
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	40 p. s.	915
Oriental	4,000	625	625	Rs. 25	685
Prince of Wales Spinning Company	1,500	500	500	35	265
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,375xd
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	6[illegible]	1,365
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5[illegible]	945
Southern India	500	500	Rs. 30*	Rs. 20	550
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	745
Western India S. & M. Company	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	920

*For distribution.

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20	218-3-0	5 p. ct	325
Do. New £20 shares.	..	£20	130-14-6	do	26
Ditto	..	£20	65-7-3	do	72
Ditto	..	£20	21-13-1	do	32
B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do	1,040
Do. New £l Shares.	..	£18	196-5-15	do	245

PRESS COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	Rs. 50	1,090
Akola Press Co	85	500	all	Rs. 75	500
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18p.ct.	450
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	Rs. 170	1,120
Apollo Press Co.					460
(small shares)	750	400	400	40	
Bellary	625	1,000	1 000	30 p. s.	625
Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	600	500	all	Rs. 75	555
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	1,400	250	all	10	80
Colaba Press Co	500	1,880	1,880	50	1,150
Dholera P. & G. Co.	500	300	all	30	180
East India Press Co	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 150	1,175xd.
Fort Press Co	150	325	8,500	350 p.s.	2,600
French Press Co	300	500	all	75 p.s.	575
Sind Press Co	400	2,000	750	Rs. 75	505
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 30	390
New Indian Press	2,409	125	125	Rs. 30	227½
Prince of W. Press	500	......	500	100	470
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co	100	1,000	750	Rs. 150	1,200xd.
Sassoon Press Co	300	00	500	25	500
Volkart's Press Co	450	00		60	665

MISCELLANEOUS.

	Shares.	Amt	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Bombay Saw Mills		1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	490
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	100 118B	100	100	Rs. 6	134
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	225	2,775
Do. New Shares		500	300	...	505
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association.	5,000	100	10	10p.ct.	10
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co. Limited	42,000		5	..	2½
Kurrachee Ice Co., Ld.	1,400	100	100	..	70
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co.	500	500	300	90	385
Kemp & Co., Ld.	2,000	200	100	..	156
Mechanics' Building Co.	4,000	50	50	3 p.ct.	15
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	5 p.ct.	50
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	10p.ct.	20
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,200xd
Ripon Gold Mg Co. Ld	30,000A	10	6	..	3
Do. do.	1,000B	100	100	..	60
Soundy &. Co., Ld.	1,000	100	all	14p.ct.	112
Telephone Co., Ld.	19,200	25	25	..	22½
Treacher & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	all	Rs. 90	980
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	all	15	190
Wynaad Gold Mining Co. Ld.	20,000	25	20	...	..

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ending 2nd December, 1882.

[Open, 460½ miles.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Coaching	71,145	0	0
Merchandise	1,21,250	0	0
Telegraph	524	0	0
Other Receipts	700	0	0
Total......Rs.	1,93,619	0	0

Corresponding week last year.

Open, [illegible] miles.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Coaching	64,471	0	0
Merchandise	1,00,646	0	0
Telegraph	521	0	0
Other Receipts	1,185	0	0
Total......Rs.	1,66,823	0	0
Increase......Rs.	26,796	0	0

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Statement of Traffic for the week ending Dec. 2, 1882

Open 1,457½ miles.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Coaching	1,47,605	0	0
Merchandise	4,38,489	0	0
Electric Telegraph	9,656	0	0
Total ....Rs.	5,95,750	0	0
Corresponding week last year, open 1 446½ miles Total......Rs.	7,39,537	0	0
Decrease......Rs.	1,43,787	0	0

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Plainmiller, 1,195 tons, Captain W. Mackenzie, sailed yesterday for China, &c., with a general cargo and 45 deck passengers.

THE steamer Caffila, 1,429 tons, Captain G. Pounds, arrived in harbour on the 6th instant from Galle (30th Nov.), in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Finlay, Muir and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Scindia, 2040, Captain J. Stones, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, via Galle and Colombo, with a general cargo and 19 crew of the steamer India.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Ethiopia, 1,314 tons, Captain J. Melville, arrived in harbour yesterday from Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. P. Ryan, Miss Ostrehan, and 70 deck.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Pachamba, 544 tons, Capt. T. Johnston, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf, via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. F. Flockhart, Mrs. Dent, Mr. M. Sooltanali, and seven ladies and 42 deck.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commander.	From
6	Scindia (s)	Stones	Calcutta, Nov. 22.
	Ethiopia (s)	Melville	Calcutta, Nov. 11.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commander.	Destination.
6	Pachamba (s)	Johnston	Persian Gulf.
	Plainmiller (s)	Mackenzie	China.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Bedford, to Dunkirk.
Steamer Caffila, to Havre.
Steamer Swordsman, to Zanzibar.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.			
1	Arratoon Apcar(s)	Mactavish	Hongkong, Nov. 16.
	Goorkha (s)	Sharp	London, Oct. 18.
	Moray (s)	Tutton	Hongkong, Nov. 17.
	Durisdeer	Webster	Port Chalmers.
	Howrah	Lidstone	Middlesboro, Aug. 13.
2	City of Venice (s)	Moffaett	Liverpool, Oct. 28.
	Henzada(s)	Coles	Bombay, Nov. 9.
	Glenmoris (s)	Wright	Rangoon, Nov. 29.
	Airlie	Foreman	Algoa Bay, Sept. 11.
	Godvia	Robert	Liverpool, Aug. 25.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 1.—Steamer Culna. Ship Cherwell. Barques Calcutta and Victoria Cross.
Dec. 2.—Ship Lord Canning. Barque Hannah Landles.

DAILY IMPORTS.—DECEMBER 6.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Clan Graham (s)—56 packages stout, Jamsetjee Framjee.
California (s)—20 cases stout, Eduljee Bazonjee.
Bretton Hall (s)—50 cases stout ; Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee ; 27 cases stout, Pochajee Framjee and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Rome (s)—14 packages medicines, Rogers and Co ; 30 barrels beer, Volkart Brothers ; 10 cases medicines, 12 cases pale ale, 50 cases whisky, 60 cases caracao, 9 cases noyeau and 2 cases tobacco, Treacher and Co ; 50 cases tobacco, D. P. Batha and Co ; 5 barrels beer, Maneckjee Jamsetjee.
Bedford (s)—50 cases old tom & 50 cases whiskey, Treacher and Co.
Clan Graham (s)—51 barrels pale ale, Cursetjee Eduljee ; 105 cases whisky, Sorabjee Hormusjee Bottliwalla.
Canara (s)—50 cases brandy, Sawyer and Co.
Lady Dalhousie (s)—5 cases brandy, Cutler Palmer and Co.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Singapore (s)—3 cases brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
India (s)—4 cases brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—DECEMBER 6.

FOR LIVERPOOL

Wistow Hall (s)—8,000 cwts wheat, Wallace and Co. ; 75 bales rags, Pragjee Heerjee ; 100 bales rags, D. R. Dady and Co. ; 19 bales rags, T. Sugden ; 54 bales rags, Assur Jaitha ; 104 bales rags and 15 bales cotton droppings, M. Simpson ; 3 bales hides and skins, M. Messa ; 195 bales cotton and twist waste, Govindram Dwarkadass ; 100 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co ; 25 bales cotton, E. Custoorchund ; 25 bales cotton, Hunsraj Luckmichund ; 72 bales cotton, Doongersey Jaitha ; 30 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co. ; 22 bales cotton, M. Ramgopall ; 50 bales cotton, H. Vussonjee ; 85 bales cotton, Gumal Ladoo ; 30 bales cotton, P. Toolseedass ; 70 cwts bones, N. Purdhan ; 143 bales cottonwaste, T. Jewraj ; 70 bales wool, Nanjee Bhamjee ; 301 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co. ; 20 bales cotton, Bhawan Chapsee ; 36 bales cotton, Sewjee Khimjee ; 42 bales cotton, Nainsee Currumsee ; 54 bales cotton, Megjee Mooljee ; 55 bales cotton, Bhanjee Jewraj ; 55 bales wool, Ghella Bharmull ; 55 bales wool, Goculdass Cullianjee ; 10 bales wool, C. H. B. Forbes and Co. ; 165 cwts myrabolams, Jairam Dayal ; 1,200 cwts bones, Edward Bates and Co ; 50 bales wool, E. Gangjee and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Gwalior (s)—14 boxes indigo, Volkart Brothers ; 11 bales skins, J. Hajee Jamal ; 3 bundles ivory, P. K. Mahamed.
Clan Graham (s)—99 cases rosa oil, Goolam Hoosein Mooljee ; 300 bales cotton, Thos. H. Moore and Co ; 71 cwts cloves and 75 cwts horns, Bhimjee Sajun ; 98 cwts horns, B. Bhoga ; 4 cases M. F. P. Shells, and 192 cwts olibanum, A. M. Hassum ; 77½ cwts coir yarn, Tricomjee.

FOR NEW YORK.

Wistow Hall (s)—25 bales wool, C. H. B. Forbes and Co.

FOR BOSTON.

Wistow Hall (s)—26 bales skins, Farnham and Co.

FOR GIBRALTAR.

Clan Graham and Co ; 4,800 cwts, wheat, Lang Moir and Co ; 100 bales cotton, F. Sauquet and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Caffila (s)—3,999 cwts, rapaseeds, Volkart Brothers,

FOR PORT SAID.

Pandora (s)—16 cases tallow, M. Mondolfo and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Lancaster (s)—200 cwts, L. Singer and Co.
Bedford (s)—2,000 cwts poppyseed, 11,998 cwts wheat, and 14,997 cwts linseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR ANTWERP.

Knight of the Bath (s)—250 cwts gingelly seeds, Volkart Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Gwalior (s)—4 boxes indigo, Volkart Brothers.
Pandora (s)—100 bales cotton, F. Sauquet and Co. ; 400 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co. ; 100 bales cotton, Thos. H. Moore and Co. ; 110 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co. ; 200 bales cotton, Peel Cassels and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Gwalior (s)—35 boxes indigo, Volkart Brothers ; 7 boxes indigo, Ewart Latham and Co.
Pandora (s)—116½ cwts saltpetre, Dadabhoy Bomanjee Jejeebhoy.

FOR GENOA.

Manilla (s)—100 bales cotton Lyon and Co ; 50 bales cotton and 1,081½ cwts gingellyseeds.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Gwalior (s)—10 boxes indigo, Volkart Brothers.
Clan Graham (s)—320 cwts wheat and 915 cwts gingelly-seeds, P. Chrystal and Co ; 435 cwts mowra flowers, Sleeman and Co.
Manilla (s)—504 cwts gingellyseeds, Peel Cassels and Co.
Casebpedia (s)—7,500 cwts gingellyseeds, Ralli Brothers.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Mecca (s)—70 bales cotton, Ramjeedass Luckmidass.

HIGH COURT.—DECEMBER 7.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

36-81—Smith and F.—Moolibai vs. J. H. Grant—Crawford and B.—Part heard.
97-81—M. H. Khan—Dadabhoy Nusserwanjee and another vs D. C. Lobo and another—R. M. Sayani. Part-heard.
512-80—Cleveland L. and N.—Kessowjee Jadowjee ; vs Vussonjee Hurridas and others—M. and B., and B and B.
562-80—Cleveland L. and N.—Kessowjee Jadowjee and another vs Vussonjee Hurridas and others—M. and B., and B. and B.
350-81—M. M. Munshi—Odhowjee Hurjeewan and another vs Lukhman Jetha and others—Crawford and B.
359-80—Pestonjee K.—Buchoobai and others vs Cooverbai and others—Shapurjee and T.
222 81—Tyabjee and D.—Balmookund Dolutram vs Chaitram Kaliram and others—In person.
474-81—Pestonjee K.—Vussuntram Bhicaridass vs Lalla Motiram and another—Khunderao M.
471-81—Balkrushna and B.—Samuldas Nursidass vs Tapidass Vurujdass and another—Shapurjee and T., and P. and W.
32-82—Tyebjee and D.—Moolchund Runsordass vs Chotalal Hurlochund—Smith and F.
517-80—Jefferson B. and D.—The Hon'ble John Marriott vs Anundrao Succaram and others—In person.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice WEST.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

180-82—Tyabjee and D.—Ardeshir Eduljee Mistry vs Begabai and others—In person—Part heard.
439-81—Skipsey and W.—Javarvahoo vs L. A. Watkins and others—Tyabjee and D.
256-81—Janardhen and H. (for paupers)—Pursbotum Morarjee and another vs Lalvow.
In the matter of the Land Acquisition Act, X of 1870, and in the matter of Government, and Hajee Hassum Hajee Abdoola Noor Mahomed and another claimants regarding the property known as Jackaria's bunder at Sewree—Payne and G. and Cleveland L. and N. for claimants.

Long Causes.

494-81—Tyabjee and another—D.—Jeyshunker Mahadeo vs Munglee and another—Skipsey and W.
677-79—Tobin—[illegible]—Skipsey and W.
Jey[illegible] and R.—(for pauper)—Dayaram Ramdass vs Jey[illegible]assondass Purshotumdass—Pestonjee K.
26-82—P[illegible]escott and W—A. Buchanan and others vs Ebrahim Lutiff.
22-8[illegible]—Tyabjee and D. Bala Dewchund vs. Roopchund Oodeychund and another.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

For Judgment.

331-81—Nanu and H.—Ruttonjee Pestonjee Choksey vs Awabai and others—Ardesir and H.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Short Cause.

306-82—Craigie, L. and O.—R. Ryrie and others vs Narrondass Annundjee—Muljee and B.

Long Causes.

19-82—Shamrao P.—Sokar Bapuji vs. Sadakrashna. Part heard.
365-82—Ardesir and H.—Motilal Hurgowandass vs Kesserbai and another—Khunderao M. and A. and H.
264-80—Ardesir and H—Sorabjee Eduljee and others vs Sulieman Lutiff.
63-82—Hearn C. and L—Dossa Kirpal and another vs Cooberdass Ambaidass—M. M. Munshi.
343 80—Macfarlane and E—Jan Mahomed Khalukdina vs Meya Balloomeya bin Shaikbhoy, &c.—Moreshwar L. and Tobin and R.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 5th December 1882.

Means of observations taken half an hour after 6 a. m 10 a.m., 2 p. m., 4 p. m., and 10 p. m., Madras Time.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29 935
Temperature of the Air	76·7
Wet Bulb Thermometer	69·7
Dew Point	66·1
Relative humidity of Air	·712
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 8).	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6½ p. m.)	81·1
Minimum do. do. read at 10½ a. m.)	70·0
General Direction of Wind*	E, NE, ENE, WNW, NW, NNE.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	181

* From 12-30 a. m. to 12-30 a. m.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—DECEMBER 5.

Saulez, Lieut., 16th Bombay N.I., on leave, from Poona.
Twentyman, Lieut. Col., Lancaster Regt., on duty, from Deolalee.

DECEMBER 6.

Harene, Major, 4th Bengal Cavalry, on leave, from Raval Pindee.
Quintin, Major, 10th Hussars, on duty.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 6.

Graham, Lieut., K. D. Guards, on leave, to England.
Fraser, Dy. Surg. Genl., on duty, to Assirghur.
Sanderson, Brig. Surg., on duty, to Bangalore.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut.-Col. Comdt. W. S. HEWETT, B. V. R. C.

Bombay, December 7.

There will be Company Drill for E. Company at the Oval near the Bandstand on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6-30 a. m. (Bombay time), and at the J. J. Hospital on Tuesdays and Fridays at 5. p. m. (Bombay time), until further orders. Members of other companies are requested to attend at the above places for Company Drill.

"C." Company will parade for Position Drill at the Oval near the Bandstand every day until further orders at 6-30 a. m, and 5. p. m. (Bombay time).

"B." Company commenced class firing on Thursday, the 7th inst. All members going to class fire who are at the Boree-bunder Station at 5-20 a. m. and at Byculla Station at 5-30 a. m. (Bombay time) will have their fares paid to Coorla and back ; those coming after will have to pay their own fare. Members of E. Company who have not completed their class firing are requested to do so with "B." Company.

The Regiment will parade under the Adjutant on Saturday next, the 9th inst. Fall in at the Town Hall at 4-15 p.m. sharp (Bombay time). Red uniform with helmets, arms and accoutrements to be worn. Members who are at the tram terminus at Byculla, Grant-road, Girgaum and Colaba at 3-45 p. m. (Bombay time) will have their fares paid ; also those members who are met on the road will be supplied with tickets. Members who defray their own tram expenses can have the amount refunded by applying for the same after parade. Company and Battalion Drill will be practised. In Company Drill, Sections 9 to 18 of Part II of the Field Exercise will be practised ; and in Battalion Exercise, Part III Sections 4 to 8. All members are requested to read up these Sections before coming on parade.

Vol. W. Mitchell having joined is taken on the strength of the corps from this date and posted to E. Company.

By order,
A. W. PROUDFOOT,
Capt. and Adjt., B. V. R. C.

SURGEON DENTIST,
DR. C. F. KHORY
(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873),
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
opposite the Floral Fountain, next to Bombay Gazette Office

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE HEREWITH CERTIFY THAT MESSRS. MARCKS AND CO., BOMBAY AND POONA, ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE PIANOS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, and that our Pianos, which we have built especially for the Indian climate for more than twenty years, are only shipped by us for Bombay to the above Firm.

We also state as a caution to the public that Pianos bearing the name of SCHIEDMAYER ONLY, which are offered for sale by other houses, are by a TOTALLY DISTINCT MANUFACTURER.

SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE,
Pianoforte Manufacturers to His Majesty the King of Wurttemberg, Germany,
Established 1809.

SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE'S PIANOS.

THE REVISED PRICES of the above celebrated instruments are as follows, payable by twelve monthly instalments.

Plain square Piano	Rs. 62-8-0 per month	or Rs.	750
Sympathetic square	,, 68-9-0	,, or ,,	825
Semi-grand, on three legs	,, 111-8-0	,, or ,,	1,375

OR

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.
C. MARCKS & Co.
Sole Agents.
43, Rampart-Row, Bombay, 29th Nov. 1882.

IMPAIRED VISION.

DR. J. S. WELLS, F.R.C.S., Ophthalmic Surgeon to King's College Hospital, in his Work on "Impaired Vision" says :—"The selection of Spectacles is of great importance ; and I have no hesitation in saying that the empirical haphazard plan of selection generally employed by Opticians is but too frequently attended by the worst consequences ; and that eyes are often permanently injured, which might, by skilful treatment, have been preserved for years." MESSRS. HARRIS & LAWRENCE, Consulting Oculists' Opticians, personally adapt their IMPROVED METRICAL PEBBLE SPECTACLES, at their Office, 20, Rampart Row, next the Oriental Bank, daily (Sundays excepted) 10 to 5.

Surgeon-Major Crocker writes :—"I have received your Spectacles, they suit me admirably." H. M. Clark, Esq. M.B., Medical Missionary, Dalhousie, writes :—The Spectacles have duly arrived, they are beautiful, I have recommended some patients to write to you for Spectacles. Similar testimonials from Drs. Boyle, Hacan, Lynn, and Skipton, and hundreds of others. Pamphlet and Test Types, free on application.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

CABRAL—December 6, at the General Post Office, 12-45 p. m., the dearly beloved wife of V. M. Cabral, Esq., Assistant Post Master, Bombay. Most deeply and deservedly regretted, leaving a husband and her dear children, also a circle of relatives and friends to bemoan her irreparable loss. Funeral takes place at 3-30, local time, on the 7th instant.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CAVENDISH—December 2, at Madras, the wife of A. C. Cavendish, of a daughter.
COCKBURN—November 25, at Bangalore, the wife of A. W. Cockburn, Royal Engineers, of a daughter.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*.

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1882.

Now that the rest of the world is philanthropically engaged in the work of opening up Africa to civilization, why should not India press forward and take her share in the greatest task bequeathed by past centuries to our own? India has special advantages for the undertaking, which are denied to nations ambitious of securing for themselves the lion's share of the honours and rewards in this boundless field of enterprise. The ports of Western India have direct access to that portion of the Dark Continent which can with least difficulty be brought within the sphere of commerce and civilisation. And India has an inexhaustible supply of more or less civilised labour, capable of standing the African climate as no European labour can. Of course we are not now speaking of the salubrious Cape and of Natal, but of the vast tracts of country between the coasts and the African Ghauts, as well as of the immense table-lands of the interior. A French writer, with that graceful French method of generalising which so often misleads his countrymen, says that Africa is to be approached by four rivers, of which two, the Niger and the Nile, are being exploited by the English, and the third, the Zambesi, by the Portuguese ; while the Congo, thanks to M. de Brazza, has been reserved for France. Unfortunately for this plausible way of putting the matter, none of the African rivers, not even the Nile, has ever, from the dawn of history till now, served as a highway to the interior. The Egyptian river has irrigated Egypt, but it has not opened up Africa. Sir Samuel Baker, in the *Fortnightly*, alludes to this fact, though it forms no part of the subject of his article. "The Nile," he says, "has hitherto been ignored. It is the highway of tourists to the Second Cataract, but beyond that the river has been entirely neglected as a navigable channel." The other great rivers have been equally neglected for purposes of trade and navigation. Doubtless there has been some good cause for this. The rivers are subject to such vicissitudes, being converted during the rains into vast lakes, while in the dry season their beds are little more than marshes choked with tropical vegetation, that any systematic navigation must have been well-nigh out of the question. Sir Samuel Baker considers that the seven years of famine in the days of Joseph were occasioned by a permanent "sudd" or stoppage by accumulated masses of vegetation in the White Nile, which diverted the course of the river towards Lake Tchad. We have all read of the immense barrage of the Nile which Sir Samuel himself had to cut through before he could bring his vessels through the matted reeds and grass which hindered access to the upper waters. The insalubrity of the banks of the great African rivers has also furnished another explanation of the fact that they have been hitherto unavailable as channels of access to the interior of the continent. Modern appliances may enable us to surmount obstacles which have hitherto proved insuperable. The Americans build steamers which can go wherever there is a heavy dew, and steamers of light draught may be able to run where till now nothing bigger than a canoe has been seen. If so the four great rivers may have a great future before them. But the experience of the past has shown that Africa can best be colonised along the sea-coast, and it is to the sea-coast, from Cape Guardafui to the Portuguese settlements, which is within easy distance of India, and is accessible to her settlers and her commerce.

India has not altogether neglected East Africa ; little colonies of natives of this country are to be found as far south as Natal. Banias have no small share of the Zanzibar trade in their hands. When Vasco de Gama rounded the Cape he found Hindu merchants trading along the coast, and the connection has never been severed since, although it has not taken the development which might have been expected, and of which it is, we believe, fully capable. The suzerainty which the Sultan of Zanzibar, our protégé, exercises over the coast of the mainland as far north as the Somali country, secures for British subjects a sufficient foothold. It appears to have been forgotten that the northern part of this protected territory, which was preserved to the flag of Zanzibar by British intervention when the Khedive Ismail sent McKillop Pasha with a squadron to annex it to Egypt, gives by far the shortest route of access to the great lakes Victoria and Albert and to the sources of the Nile and the Congo. The object of the Egyptian Government in sending McKillop Pasha to take possession of that coast line was to secure an easy outlet for the trade of the newly acquired Equatorial Provinces. When our interference in the interests of the Sultan of Zanzibar prevented the Egyptian flag from being established in that region, the project of creating a trade route was abandoned. The present would be an opportune time for seeing how far it would be feasible to carry out the idea by the initiative of British India. Both Zanzibar and Egypt would profit by the establishment of such a route. And so would the trade of India and England. One thing is certain—we do not fully realise the advantages, political and commercial, which our virtual protectorate over Zanzibar and the immense stretch of coast on the mainland north of that island secures for us. Now that the French are undertaking to assert their supremacy in Madagascar, our relations with Sultan Burghash will doubtless become more and more intimate. He will realise how much he owes to the British protection which secures him from aggression, whether Egyptian or French, and enables him to enjoy his kingdom in peace. As it is, a considerable amount of Bombay capital is invested in Zanzibar. Of late years the appearance, and even the climate, of the island have been sensibly improved by the clearances which have been effected, and the plantations which have been made, to a considerable extent with funds procured from Western India. What is needed is to develop and systematise the enterprise that has already so beneficially made itself felt in that part of Africa. The Bombay mills even now find a welcome market for their goods in that part of the continent, and if a trade route can be established with the great interior plateau, the prospect would be one beyond the dreams of avarice. A syndicate of enterprising Bombay merchants might, with a little outlay, accomplish for Africa and India, in this direction, quite as much as French enthusiasm expects from the diplomacy of M. de Brazza on the Congo.

Not that we are disposed to undervalue the exertions or the success of the Franco-Italian who has incurred the wrath of Mr. Stanley by his intrusion into the great American explorer's preserves. If any part of Africa is to be brought into the system of European commerce by means of river navigation, it will doubtless be the Congo basin, access to which may apparently be achieved by the short cut to that river above the cataracts which M. de Brazza had the sagacity to divine and the perseverance to discover. About two hundred and fifty miles from its mouth, the Congo spreads out into a great lake called the Ncouma, or as it has been recently baptised, the Stanley Pool. Thence to the sea it descends in a sort of staircase of Niagaras through a mountainous region of great difficulty. Mr. Stanley's idea has been to make a trade route through the mountains parallel to the river, and he has actually succeeded in hewing a passage for his flotilla of steam-boats to Stanley Pool. M. de Brazza, since 1878, has been employing himself in discovering a river navigable from the coast towards the Congo above the falls, and he appears to have discovered more than one. The Quillou, which flows into the Atlantic, becomes in the interior the Niari, and almost reaches to the Djouai, an affluent of the Congo, flowing into Stanley Pool. By dexterously availing himself of the feeling of terror which surrounded Mr. Stanley's personality in consequence of the thirty-two murderous battles which that explorer fought on his way from the east four years ago, M. de Brazza induced the King Makoko and others to accept French protection and hoist the tricolor as a means of warding off the attacks of "the awful White Devil," who was known to be once more on his way. In return for this promised protection he obtained a piece of territory at the junction of the Djouai with the Congo, where a town is to be built, if all goes well ; but in any case it is christened Brazzaville, and will so take its place on the map. At a convenient point on the Niari, which flows to the Atlantic, he has secured a site for another town, which he has named in advance Franceville. A railway about a hundred miles long will place the two towns in communication, and so give access to the twelve thousand miles of waterway of the Congo and its affluents. There is no doubt but that this route will be in every way preferable to that which Mr. Stanley has traced out parallel to the Congo. If there were not good reason to distrust African rivers, however promising, we might feel dazzled by the prospect thus held out. If the Congo should turn out to be an African Mississippi, capable of being navigated by great steamers in all seasons, and subserving the trade of an indigenous population numbered by different authorities at from forty millions to eighty millions, it is evident that there will be room for a good deal more than French enterprise in the region thus opened up. From the east coast of Africa the trade and the colonists of India can find access to the head-waters of the Congo, while the French are establishing themselves on the lower reaches of that river of magnificent distances.

THE illustrated papers received by last mail show that England has hardly yet tired of welcoming the soldiers that fought in Egypt. They are still having banquets and fêtes given to them in various parts of the country, and their countrymen are still praising them in terms which by-and-bye will probably seem a little extravagant. But we have not mentioned the jubilation in England, not to find fault with it, but to compare it with the state of public feeling at home when the English troops returned to their country after the great battle of Waterloo. Of late years the few Waterloo veterans that survive have been objects of the greatest veneration to the mass of their countrymen, yet we find that in the winter of 1815-16 the men who had conquered at Waterloo were looked upon with coldness and disfavour. Lord Albemarle, in his "Fifty years of my Life," gives the following curious and interesting account of the reception the victorious troops met with. He says : "We landed at Dover in the latter end of December. Public feeling in England had undergone a great revulsion in regard to us soldiers. The country was satiated with glory, and was brooding over the bill that it had to pay for the article. An anti-military spirit had set in. Waterloo and Waterloo men were at a discount. We were made painfully sensible of the change. If we had been convicts disembarking from a hulk, we could hardly have met with less consideration. 'It's us as pays they chaps,' was the remark of a country bumpkin as we came ashore. The very atmosphere contributed to the chilliness of our reception. It was on a winter day that we landed. No cheers like those which greeted the Crimean army on its return, welcomed us home. The only persons who took any notice of us were the Custom House officers, and they kept us for hours under arms in the cold, while they subjected us to a rigid search. These functionaries were more than usually on the alert at this time, because a day or two before a Brigade of Artillery with guns loaded to the muzzle with French lace had just slipped through their fingers."

This is somewhat different from being cheered through London, and then fêted and praised as we have just seen in the case of the troops from Egypt. But still worse treatment was in store for the Waterloo men, and the Earl of Albemarle thus continues his story : "Our treatment throughout the day was all of a piece. Towards dusk we were ordered to Dover Castle, part of which building served as a prison. Our barracks were strictly in keeping with such a locality, cold, dark, gloomy, and dungeonlike. No food was to be had but our ration. No furniture procurable but what the barrack stores afforded. In this bitter winter's night, the first of my return from campaigning, I slept on a bed of straw." After being at Dover for a short time, the 14th Foot, to which the above refers, and which was Lord Albemarle's regiment, was ordered to Deal, and then hustled off to Ramsgate for immediate embarkation to the south of Ireland in the transport Sea Horse ; but when their baggage was actually on board, the order was suddenly cancelled, and the regiment unceremoniously disbanded. The conclusion of the affair is best told in the words of Lord Albemarle. "Deep were the lamentations of those of my brother officers whose military career had thus been brought to a close : but it may be imagined that they became reconciled to their fate when they learned the still heavier calamity from which the decree of the Horse Guards had probably saved them. On the 26th of January of this year (1816) the Sea Horse sailed from the Downs, having on board instead of my regiment the headquarters of the 59th, and a few days later was wrecked off Kinsale. The numbers on board, including women and children, amounted to 394. Of these 365 were drowned ; among the saved was neither woman nor child. The Lord Melville and the Boadicea transports sailed at the same time as the Sea Horse. Like their consort, they also were lost off Kinsale. The Lord Melville saved all her crew but seven. Out of 280 in the Boadicea only 60 were saved."

These calamities attracted little or no attention at the time, and were dismissed with a brief newspaper paragraph. But according to Lord Albemarle, the feeling in the Army was that Government having no further use for the troops, accepted the lowest tender for their conveyance to their different destinations by sea, and actually embarked them on unseaworthy colliers, only intended to make the voyage from Newcastle to London. All that is altered now : magnificent ocean steamers convey our soldiers from port to port ; enthusiastic crowds hail their arrival ; and if occasionally this latter part of the programme seems a little overdone, it is at any rate better than the callous indifference which disgraced England seventy years ago.

THE mail-steamer Thames left Aden on Tuesday evening at five o'clock, and as she is to come at increased speed, we should have our double mail—of the 17th and 24th November—on Sunday afternoon. The Thames, one of the newest and best of the P. and O. line, ought to be able to make the passage from Aden at this season of the year in five days, which means an average speed of about 14 knots an hour. The fastest passage ever hitherto made by a P. and O. boat from Aden to Bombay was achieved by the Shannon on the occasion of her first voyage out, in July last, when she occupied one hour over the five days.

MILITARY CHAPLAINS.

THE military chaplain belongs to the past. It is quite true, of course, that he survives in name, for most of the pleasant, gentlemanly men in black coats and ecclesiastical collars that one meets in India are military chaplains. But they no longer belong to a regiment, as they did in days of yore ; and though, as lately happened in Afghanistan, they are sometimes of a warlike turn, and put themselves at the head of soldiers at a critical moment, yet as a rule they are peaceably-disposed members of society, who preach laudably short sermons, and play lawn-tennis with much skill and precision. We all know that a gallant chaplain on the Bengal establishment was awarded the Victoria Cross for having at Killa Kazi, on the 11th December, 1879, extricated some men of the 9th Lancers, who, as the official narrative says, had "fallen with their horses into a wide and deep nullah or ditch, and the enemy being close upon them," our friend pulled them out under a heavy fire from the Afghans. I don't know how promotion is regulated among chaplains, but it would not be a bad thing to make that brave chaplain a bishop when a vacancy occurs. A bishop with V.C. after his name would inspire great awe and respect in the breast of Private Thomas Atkins. But to turn to the chaplains of by-gone days. In the very interesting autobiography of Dr. Carlyle, who died in the year 1806, and who is not to be confounded with his illustrious namesake lately dead, there is the following account of Robert M'Pherson, formerly chaplain of a Highland regiment. "Though not a man of genius," says Dr. Carlyle, "he was a man of good sense, of a firm and manly mind, and of much worth and honour. He had been bred at Aberdeen for the Church, but before he passed trials as a probationer he had been offered a company in his regiment of Highlanders by Simon Fraser, and had accepted. When the regiment rendezvoused at Greenock, he was told, with many fair speeches, that the captains' commissions were all disposed of, much against the colonel's will, but that he might have a lieutenancy, or the chaplaincy if he liked it better. M'Pherson chose the last, and took orders immediately from the Presbytery of Lochcarron, where he returned for ten days for that purpose. He soon made himself acceptable to his superiors as well as to the men, and when they landed in Nova Scotia, in every skirmish or battle it was observed that he always put himself in a line with the officers at the head of the regiment. He was invited to the mess of the field officers, where he continued." All this was told to Dr. Carlyle by General Murray, who was in command at the time ; and when Dr. Carlyle met the warlike M'Pherson he asked him if it was true, and if it was, why he was so foolish. To this he answered that being a grown man, while many of the lieutenants and ensigns were but boys, as well as some of the privates, and that as they looked to him for example as well as precept, he had thought it his duty to advance with them, but that he had discontinued the practice after the third time of danger, as he found them perfectly steady.

This is an admirable idea of the good chaplain—only to lead the regiment into action until he had satisfied himself of its steadiness, and then to leave it to the other officers! If they had known his motive, they would hardly have asked him to join the field officers' mess, where, let us hope, the good man was not bored. But there is an instance on record, more modern than the above, in which a regimental captain was turned into an English parson. When the Duke of York was Commander-in-Chief of the British Army, he was applied to for assistance by an officer who had seen a good deal of service. The Duke had at the moment no Army preferment suitable to the candidate, but a living in Cornwall in the Duke's gift had just fallen vacant, and he asked him if he would take it. The applicant said he was a soldier, and didn't see how he could manage Church work, besides he was not eligible, not being ordained ; otherwise he would most gladly accept the offer. This was enough, and the Duke at once wrote off to his friend the Bishop of Cork, the only prelate then in town, the following note : "Dear Cork, please ordain the bearer.—Yours York." In the course of the afternoon the candidate brought back the following answer, "Dear York, the bearer's ordained.—Yours Cork ; and the new parson, says tradition, travelled down to Cornwall, and took possession of a comfortable living, the duties of which he performed in a manner eminently satisfactory. Here is a sketch of another military chaplain of the olden time, who was a friend of Dr. Carlyle, and who seems to have been a fine fellow with a decided turn for soldiering : "Dr. Adam Fergusson was the son of a Highland clergyman who was much respected and who had good connections. He was bred at St. Andrew's University, and had gone early into the world : for being a favourite of a Dowager Duchess of Athole, and being bred to the Church, she had him appointed chaplain to the 42nd Regiment, then commanded by Lord John Murrray, her son, when he was not more than twenty-two. The Duchess had imposed a very difficult task upon him, which was to be a kind of tutor or guardian to Lord John ; that is to say, to gain his confidence and keep him in peace with his officers, which it was difficult to do." Here let us pause for a moment to admire the beautiful simplicity of these old regimental arrangements. We have the anxious mother who, having obtained command of a regiment for her son, next has the chaplain of her own choice appointed to look after him, and to keep the peace between him and his officers! It is interesting to trace feminine influence thus far back, though it is only natural to suppose that the Dowager Duchess of Athole obtained her ends more by the weight of her interest than by the force of her charms. In our days, happily, every appointment is made solely by merit, and it is only detraction and envy that lead ill-natured people to remark that Jones got that snug little appointment because his pretty wife danced twice with a big man, and at the end of the second dance asked so prettily that her husband might have the vacancy, that the said big man promised on the spot. It cannot be too distinctly asserted that here in India no man gets an appointment because he has a pretty wife, but because of his own singular merit. And this point being settled, let us return to Dr. Adam Fergusson, and see how he fulfilled his difficult mission of keeping the peace between a commanding officer and his officers. "This, however, he actually accomplished," says Dr. Carlyle, "by adding all the decorum belonging to the clerical character to the manners of a gentleman, the effect of which was that he was highly respected by all the officers, and adored by his countrymen, the Highland soldiers. He remained chaplain to this regiment, and went about with them until 1755, when they went to America, on which occasion he resigned. He was with them during the expedition to Brittany, which turned his mind to the study of war, as appears in his *Roman History*, where many of the battles are better described than by any historian but Polybius, who was an eye-witness to so many."

It will be seen that these soldier-chaplains, the memory of whom has quite died out of the Army, were fine fellows, and fulfilled a variety of functions, from keeping peace among the officers to leading the men into action. And it must be observed that the military authorities of those days had more care for the spiritual welfare of the soldiers than had their successors of a later date. An officer, writing of the first Burmese war in 1824-26, gives the following account of the spiritual destitution of the troops. "I cannot refrain here," he says, "from adverting to the great neglect shown by our Government to the spiritual wants of the British troops while on service in the field, where of course such wants are most felt. During the Burmese war, which occupied nearly two years and a half, there was no such person as a chaplain attached to the troops ; nor do I remember there being any provision for the performance of divine service, though at Rangoon alone there were no fewer than nine English regiments, besides artillery ! In my own corps the Sabbath was observed by officers commanding companies reading the 'Articles of War' to their men. By the performance of this duty, and hoisting the British colours on the flag-staff, we thought we sufficiently honoured our Maker." Though the writer himself does not see it, there is something very soldierlike and touching in this simple ceremony. Government had made no provision for keeping Sunday, so the officers did the best they could themselves ; and, in the opinion of these brave and simple men, there was no better and more appropriate way to show their respect for Sunday than by hoisting the British colours on the flagstaff, and reading the Articles of War to their men. There still lingers in this Presidency the memory of a chaplain who was famous for his prowess at cricket, and for his unlimited capacity for putting away any amount of beer, or indeed of any kind of liquor. He was a man of great bulk and size, and could easily consume a dozen of beer during a day's cricket match. This fault (if fault it be) was amply atoned for by his kind heart and good temper, which made him a universal favourite. It is said of him that once when tiffining with a certain judge, the pair drank a good many pegs after tiffin, and some discussion arising, the judge let fall some slighting expressions which deeply wounded the worthy Padre, who said, "Sir, you have hurt my feelings ; you have insulted me ; *and as soon as I have finished this glass of brandy-and-water*, I shall leave your house to enter it no more !"

S.

TYPHOON IN THE CHINA SEAS.

THE Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's steamer Pandora, which arrived in harbour on Monday from Hongkong, reports having encountered a typhoon on Oct. 26 (in lat. 12° 56 N. and long. 111-51 E), while on the voyage between Singapore and Hongkong. Captain Sturli states that on the morning of the date mentioned he observed the clouds banked up in huge masses. In a short time deluges of rain came down, accompanied by a strong wind from the north-east, and heavy cross seas from the north-west. There were all the indications of a severe storm. During the morning the barometer had been marking 760, but towards noon it commenced to fall rapidly, and at the same time the magnitude of the waves increased, as well as the violence of the storm. As the barometer kept on falling, the captain understood that it was not an ordinary hurricane, but a typhoon they were encountering. By five o'clock in the afternoon the barometer had got down to 740, and the force of the storm had reached that of a hurricane. They now altered their course, with a view to avoid the centre and get out of the typhoon as speedily as possible. Though according to the laws of the typhoon the vessel was steered in the proper direction to get clear of the typhoon, in this instance she went straight to the centre of it. For a time the hurricane became fiercer, and at 7-30 the barometer had fallen to 735. Shortly after this they went into a dead calm. They remained in this condition for a few hours, meeting now and again light winds from every point of the compass, the sea all the while having, in its turbulence the appearance of a vast cauldron. They now understood they had reached the centre of the typhoon. At this period flights of birds, both land and sea, that had been drawn into the vortex of the storm, settled down on the ship, and in some instances alighted on the heads of the crew. In due course the steamer again entered the storm, its course having been altered back in the meantime. This time the wind was coming from the south-south-east. After the first quarter of an hour of the renewed hurricane the barometer showed faint signs of rising. By-and-bye the elevation became more rapid, and by midnight it marked 754. The gale now began to moderate, and towards morning the barometer had again reached the normal figure of 760, though high winds and heavy seas continued for some time afterwards. From the time of entering, till the time of quitting, the typhoon was about twenty-four hours. For about two hours before, and two hours after, reaching the centre of the typhoon Captain Sturli describes the steamer as apparently being carried on the clouds. The spray driven off the sea was so dense that a man could not be seen at five paces distance, and no exposed light could be kept alight during the same four hours. During the crises of the storm there was neither pitching nor rolling, the steamer simply leaning over to the leeward. The Pandora behaved splendidly throughout the typhoon, and except for the breakage of a considerable amount of crockery she emerged unscathed from the ordeal. The typhoon through which the Pandora passed was in all probability the same which was reported to have burst over Manilla two days before.

THE BISHOP AT KOLHAPORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

KOLHAPORE, DEC. 4.

ON the evening of Tuesday, November 28, the Bishop of Bombay, in the course of his tour through the Southern Maratha Country, arrived at Kolhapore, where through the kindness of the Durbar a bungalow was placed at his lordship's disposal. The Bishop's visit was looked forward to with especial interest by the European residents, as it was hoped that the new Memorial Church would have been sufficiently advanced to have been consecrated ; but, unhappily, the work had not progressed so far. Dr. Mylne inspected the building, which is from a modified plan of the church on Malabar Hill, and expressed himself much pleased with its symmetry and proportions, considering that the addition to the length of the nave, and the other variations from the original plan, contribute much to its beauty, and reflect great credit on the engineer in charge. His lordship seems to have spent a very pleasant time in Kolhapore. He held two Confirmations, confirming three candidates in the English church and sixteen in the native church, besides preaching twice on Sunday. He also, in company with Mr. Barve, Dewan of Kolhapore, visited the various places of interest, and the larger public works that are being constructed in and near the town. The construction of the tank at Kalumba is a very large and important work, and is estimated to cost 2 lakhs of rupees. The benefits that this work will confer upon the town are immense, as it is calculated to contain, when full, three years' supply of water. The Albert Edward Hospital, now in course of construction, is another of those large works designed for the welfare of the public. The building is both large and ornamental, and its sphere of usefulness will doubtless be immense. Like the new church, it is from the plans of the late Major Mant, R. E. His lordship also visited the girls' school, and was agreeably surprised at the results attained in the promotion of female education in this State. The school was well attended by a number of intelligent, happy-faced girls, and everywhere showed signs of careful and energetic supervision. Thence the Dewan conducted the Bishop through the College and on to the palace, in which latter place is the State armoury, containing some quaint old specimens of ancient swords and other weapons of a by-gone time. The Bishop and his chaplain were the guests of the Kolhapore Durbar, and nothing was wanting to make their visit as agreeable as possible. The Bishop, with his chaplain, left for Satara this morning.

ENTERTAINMENT TO THE HON'BLE L. R. ASHBURNER, C.S.I.

THE members of the Gayan Ootejak Mandli (*i.e.*, Music Encouragement Society) gave an entertainment last evening, at their club-house near the Grant Road overbridge, in honour of the Hon'ble L. R. Ashburner, C.S.I., on his retirement from the office of senior member of Council. The decorations and illuminations in and around the bungalow had been made in a style of unusual magnificence. Columns of lights had been placed in the road leading to the bungalow, the outer gateway of which was spanned by a huge line of festoons of flowers, and had its side-columns and its cornices picked out with tumbler-lights. On either side of the long passage leading to the bungalow, which was carpeted throughout, were arranged, in an unbroken line, rows of tumbler-lights, the monotony of which was relieved at intervals by Chinese lanterns of variegated colours, and triangles, blazing stars, and circles of light. The largest tree in the compound presented a curious sight. It was ablaze with light, every branch hanging down under the weight of Chinese lanterns artistically arranged. The smaller trees made a similar display, contributing, in proportion to their size, their share to the general effectiveness of the spectacle. Round the ornamental fountain which played in the centre of the garden grounds the scene was almost gorgeous, amidst parterres and flower-beds which looked at their best with light and colour. The terrace over the portico was decorated with an unbroken line of Chinese lanterns from end to end, and with candelabra and argand lamps. The building itself was illuminated from roof to basement, all the outer cornices being picked out with small lanterns of variegated colours. The refreshment buffets were laid in the usual dining-hall of the club, furnished in every respect in a style in keeping with the general splendour of the preparations made for the occasion. All the doorways were decorated, in Indian fashion, with festoons of flowers that are traditionally associated with good luck and happy auspices. The decorations and illuminations, which elicited general admiration, had been entrusted to the firm of Khakee Pudumsey and Co., who made the same for the Indian Contingent entertainments in the Oval.

The guests, as they arrived, were received by Mr. C. N. Cama, the president, Mr. N. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Mr. C. D. Khumbatta, Mr. E. R. Reporter, Mr. S. P. Daver, Mr. J. C. Cama, and other prominent members of the club. Among those present were observed :—The Hon'ble L. R. Ashburner, C.S.I., General Hewett, the Hon'ble Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., His Highness Aga Shahbodin Shah, Captain Brent, I. N., Dr. Blanc, Messrs. J. Fleming, C.S.I., J. R. Duxbury, James Durie, H. W. Barrow, A. E. Cumming, J. C. D'Aguiar, Framjee Nusserwanjee Patel, S. P. Framjee, B. N. Servai, Muncherjee N. Banajee, Cursetjee Furdoonjee Parakh, H. C. Dady, Jamsetjee Cursetjee Jamsetjee, Merwanjee F. Marzban, Jehangir B. Marzban, Dadabhoy Naorojee, K. R. Cama, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy, Lukhmidas Khemjee, Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Joomabhoy Lalljee, Dhunjeebhoy M. Jeejeebhoy, R. N. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, K. C. Bedarkur, N. N. Vakil, E. C. Bannatwalla, Maneckjee Burjorjee, Manockjee B. Cooper, M. D. Cama, S. N. Cooper, N. R. Ranina, Hajee Abdool Hoosein Jenal Abadin, Nusserwanjee J. Wadia, L. N. Banajee, J. M. Cursetjee, Dr. Atmaram Pandurang, etc.

The concert, which commenced at 9 p. m., consisted of sixteen songs in Gujeratee, Hindoostanee and Sanskrit, in a variety of "raugs" and "raugnees," which were all sung by members of the club with instrumental accompaniment. The first two songs were those of welcome respectively to the Hon'ble Mr. Ashburner and the guests generally, and were followed by nine other songs. The company then adjourned to the refreshment buffets, and the recess was enlivened by the music of a string band. When the guests had partaken of the good things provided for them, Mr. C. N. Cama, the president, requested Mr. Khumbatta, the secretary, to propose the toast of the evening.

Mr. Khumbatta then said.—Hon'ble Sirs and gentlemen, the president and members of the Gayan Ootejak Mandli tender you their best and cordial thanks for the honour you have done them by your presence this evening. We beg now to propose a toast which is the only toast of the evening, and which, I dare say, will be received with enthusiasm—I mean the toast of the hon'ble guest. We all know that he is shortly to leave the Indian shores. We therefore wish him god-speed, and we also wish him a long, prosperous, and happy life in his own land. (Applause.) And we hope he will cherish the same endearing sentiments towards India and her people that he entertains now. Gentlemen, we couple with this toast the name of Mrs. Ashburner (cheers), who, though absent in person, is present in our minds. (Continued applause.)

The toast was drunk with "three times three both for Mr. and Mrs. Ashburner.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ashburner, in tendering thanks on behalf of him self and Mrs. Ashburner, said he was very much obliged for the cordial reception given him by the club. He was very sorry to have to separate himself from his friends here, after spending five-and-thirty years of his life among them ; and to think that nearly all his friends at home were dead, and that he should find himself among strangers there. He would say that he considered this country to be his *vuttan* (*i. e.*, native land), in which he had spent the best years of his life. He would inform his friends here that, after arranging for the education of his children at home, he intended to return and to renew his friendship with them. (Loud applause.)

Most of the guests went back to the concert-hall where the second part, consisting of six more songs, was executed, winding up at a late hour with the National Anthem.

THE EUROPEAN GENERAL HOSPITAL

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A few days ago I intended writing to you on the subject of closing the European General Hospital against visitors in the mornings, as I was one of the disappointed who had called to see a patient, but I found that I was anticipated by your correspondent "R. C."

I observe from your issue of to-day that you have also taken the subject matter in hand, but unfortunately the cudgels are in favour of the pharmaceutical body. I trust you will allow me, for the benefit of the European public, to note a few exaggerations, I will not say inaccuracies, which have appeared in the article in question.

You state that the medical authorities have been compelled to alter the visiting hours, as the hospital "had become a kind of lounging place, where visitors spent a couple of hours smoking pipes and playing games with their friends, some so deficient in delicacy as to stand in full view of patients undergoing medical examination."

In reply to the above I beg to state that the fact of visitors amusing their sick friends by playing such games as cards, dominoes, chess, &c., during the couple of hours allowed them in the hospital deserves commendation, as it is unnecessary to assert that convalescents are only too glad to have an opportunity of passing some portion of a wretched day in amusements which will distract their minds from their ailments. Smoking should never have been permitted, as I believe it is in strict contravention of the rules of the hospital. As to the visitors being spectators of the medical examination of their friends or relations, all that can be said in the matter is that the physicians in charge should never have tolerated such indelicacy.

Whilst denying the statement made by you that "out-door patients, however well off, have been, and are still, attended free of charge," also "that it is not uncommon for out-door patients to drive up to the hospital in well-appointed carriages or to be found seated in the Gaiety dress-stalls the same evening they visited the hospital as free patients," I should like to state that it seems curious why people of the status you lead us to imagine should seek gratuitous medical advice as paupers, unless the fact of the late Government order preventing their medical men from carrying on private practice has compelled the "upper ten" to visit their doctors instead of their doctors visiting them.

It will be acknowledged by everybody that the mornings are the most convenient time for making visits, and such being the case I think that the public should have been consulted or their interests at least studied, prior to the issue of such an arbitrary order. The public interest could have been studied by substituting other hours for those taken away. That the public should be deprived of the morning hours permanently can never be allowed, as in such a case it will be imperatively necessary to represent the matter to Government.

YARRUM.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it *will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per Bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon road, London.

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TELEGRAMS.

THE BURDWAN RACES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 6.

The following is the result of the races which ran yesterday :—

ASSENSOLE PURSE.

Mr. Hopkin's Slowcoach, 11h. 6lb., Owner	1
Mr. Casual's Chuster, 11st., Elliot	2
Mr. Hard's Spangle, 10b. 6lbs., Wothon	3

Won by a couple of lengths. Time 2 ms. 11 secs.

DIAMOMED CUP.

Mr. Wilson's Blantyre, 10h. 3lbs., Webb	1
Messrs. Apcar and Abbott's Chaste Susannah, 11h., Tingey	2
Mr. Hopkin's Pandora, 7st. 13lbs., Native	3

Won by a length. Blantyre broke down.

BURDWAN PURSE.

Messrs. Apcar and Abbott's Queensland, 8st. 12lbs., Tingey	1
Mr. Wilson's Diamed, 8st. 12lbs., Wothon	2
Lord W. Beresford's Blackstone, 9st. 3lbs., Rydre.	3
Nos Reduck's Vivian, 8st. 8lbs., Robinson, Jun	4

Won by a length pretty easily. Time 2ms. 48 secs.

LILLIPUT STAKES.

Mr. Hopkin's Dick, 10st., Owner	1
Messrs. Apcar's and Abbott's Snawball, 10st., Tingey	2
Mr. Hard's Blackwatch. 9st. 6lbs., Wothon	3
Mr. Rea Name's Little Mick, 8st. 12lbs., Perrett	4

Both beats were won by Dick by half a length.

CHUCKDIGHI CUP.

Mr. Creswell's Speechless, 9st., Tingey	1
Mr. Milford's Kirby, 1st. 7lbs., Robinson, Jur.	2
Messrs. Apcar and Abbott's Chaste Susannah, 9st., Perrett	3

Won by a head after a splendid race. Time 1m. 53 secs.

It was a most successful day with good racing and capital lotteries. Speechless was sold for Rs. 1,010, and Chaste Susannah for Rs. 700 after the races.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE EGYPTIAN ARMY.

LONDON, DEC. 6.

The announcement by the *Standard* that the British Government had recommended Sir Evelyn Wood for the Chief Command of the Egyptian army is regarded as premature.

THE TRIAL OF ARABI'S ASSOCIATES.

It is probable that the rest of Arabi's associates will be pardoned, but Suliman Pasha will be tried by Court-martial in connection with the massacres and burnings in Alexandria.

THE MADAGASCAR QUESTION.

Friendly negotiations are proceeding between France and England relative to Madagascar.

A French war vessel has been ordered to Madagascar.

MR. FAWCETT'S ILLNESS.

Mr. Fawcett's diphtheria is better, but the typhoid fever from which the hon'ble gentleman is suffering causes great anxiety.

COLONIAL SECRETARY OF THE MAURITIUS.

Mr. Charles Bruce has been appointed the Colonial Secretary of the Mauritius.

THE INCOMING MAIL.

ADEN, DEC. 6.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Thames, with the two English mails of the 17th and 24th Nov., left Aden for Bombay at 5 o'clock last evening.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

ADEN, DEC. 6.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Scotsman, outward bound for Kurrachee, Bombay, and Malabar coast, left here yesterday.

LONDON, DEC. 5.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed unchanged. Surats unchanged.

The London Cotton market has been quiet.	
Fair Dhollera	3 15-16
The Manchester market has been quiet..	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	81¼
4½ per cent. do.	86¼
3 per cent. Consols for account	101¼
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	100⅝
5 per cent. French Rentes	115
Bar Silver	50¾
Oriental Bank shares	£15-10
Chartered " "	£22-10
Do. Mercantile Bank shares	£16-10
Hongkong and Shanghai "	£57

THE Bills to amend the Local Funds and District Municipal Acts to give general effect to the scheme of local self-government have been approved by His Excellency the Governor-in-Council and forwarded to the [redacted] with a view t

THE BANK of interest an

A POONA European eng Railway shot

PANDITA RAMABAI is at present at Tanna, where, since her arrival on Monday, she has visited the Girls' School and lectured to large audiences on Female Education and other subjects. A correspondent says her lectures are "delivered in a facile manner in a clear, soft, musical voice."

THE Agricultural Show at Neriad opens on the 14th—not the 15th—inst., and closes on the 16th.

CHOLERA is still prevalent, we regret to see, in Calcutta. During the week ended on the 25th November there were 47 deaths from cholera. This return, however, shows a considerable abatement when compared with that of the previous week.

IT is stated that the Rawal Pindi and Murree Railway scheme has been sanctioned.

HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJAH OF HUTWA has subscribed Rs. 2,000 in aid of the Northbrook Indian Institute.

A WOMAN in Calcutta, who was confined in the lock-up pending the investigation of a charge of attempted suicide, nearly succeeded in killing herself by butting her head against the walls and iron bars of her cell. She is at present in hospital, and it is doubtful whether she will recover, so serious are the injuries she succeeded in inflicting on herself.

THE s. s. Deccan, on her second voyage to Burmah with transport mules, grounded in the Rangoon River.

THE Port Engineer of Rangoon, Mr. Graham Smith, has sued the Port Commissioners for Rs. 18,000, damages for alleged wrongful dismissal.

A TELEGRAM from Rangoon, Dec. 2, states :—Another big dacoity is reported, a most daring outrage.

THE British India S. N. Company continues to add new and very fine steamers to its already large fleet. There are now building for this enterprising and successful company no less than nine new steamers of from 2,100 to 2,900 tons register. Two of these, 2,600 tons each, have been named the Billina and the Warroonga. When the remaining seven of the new batch have been launched, the B. S I. N. Company will possess a fleet of seventy-eight steamships, with an aggregate tonnage of 137,878 tons.

THE Chief Engineer of the Madras Public Works Department recently proposed, with a view to economy, that the demands for Engineering officers rendered necessary by the creation of new divisions in the Madras Presidency, should be met by the engagement of suitable Upper Subordinates who, though retired on pension, are still able to work ; but the Government of India entertain serious objections to the proposal. They have, a Madras paper states, "intimated that such a measure would be opposed to the provisions of the Civil Pension Code ; that it would be inexpedient to place such men, who have not had a special course of training, in charge of large works, such as they would have to look after as Executive and Assistant Engineers ; and finally that, in their opinion, the present Engineer staff of the Public Works Department in the Presidency is sufficient to meet all the wants of this branch of the public service."

MR. RIVERS THOMPSON's remarks at the Calcutta St. Andrew's dinner the other day are accepted as pointing to some approaching administrative change in Bengal. The *Indian Daily News* says there is no doubt the Lieutenant-Governor is overwhelmed with work and needs relief, and adds :—"Shall this relief come in the form of a development of localism by the creation of new administrative agencies, or shall it take the form of giving him the relief of an executive council in the place of the Board of Revenue ? . . . If there is to be a separation of districts from Bengal, then we think that beyond all question Orissa has claims superior to those of Behar, and that a Chief Commissionership is more necessary at Cuttack than at Patna. At the same time, whether this measure be carried out or not, the Lieutenant-Governor should have his hands strengthened by the formation of an executive council, composed of members for Behar, Central, and Eastern Bengal. The strengthening of the Secretariat has only enabled the current work to be done more efficiently ; but no Secretariat, however well organised, could fulfil the functions of an executive council, such as that which the needs of the administration so urgently demand for Bengal."

A CALCUTTA paper gives some particulars of the damage to last season's opium which a committee was recently appointed to inquire into. Complaints having been made by certain merchants who purchased opium at the autumn sales, the Board of Revenue had some of the chests in stock opened, and their contents examined. This examination proved that the damage complained of was real and serious. The opium cakes (balls) were in many of the chests found to have burst, and the opium had protruded in the shape of ugly tumours, excrescences, or warts, from the sides of the cakes. The "trash"—or pulverised poppy leaves and stems (corresponding to the sawdust in packing) in which the opium cakes are packed—was in many chests found to be exceedingly damp, and in some cases to such an extent as to be almost reducible to a ball by the hand. The trash had also in several cases heated to a very great extent ; and the sides, ends, and lids of chests were found very moist, and in some cases almost wet, as if water had been recently sprinkled on them. The total number of chests opened in Calcutta amounted to 8,578, out of which 7,851 were found to be good, and were re-packed on the spot in fresh and dry "trash" supplied from the Patna factory ; the rest, that is, 727 chests, were rejected or sent back to the Ghazipore factory. Each chest being worth on an average Rs. 1,300, this damage was a serious matter, and the Bengal Government decided on inquiring minutely into the causes of this catastrophe, so as to prevent its recurrence.

A SIGNAL instance was recently noted in England of the danger of milk becoming a vehicle of zymotic infection. About three-quarters of a mile from Bacton Manor in Herefordshire is a little building known among the country folk as "The Mill." The people of this mill keep two cows, and by them the Union is supplied with milk. One of the mill children took scarlet fever, and soon afterwards it spread to the Union, which is at some distance from the mill, seven out of the thirty children inmates being almost simultaneously attacked. The infection was traced to the milk-supply.

A BOTTLE has been dug up near the beach at Agde (Hérault) containing a parchment purporting to be an acknowledgment of the receipt of five millions in bank-notes, and diamonds worth three millions, intrusted by the Empress Eugenie, on the 4th of September, 1870, to M. Bassols, for delivery to her mother at Madrid. The document was to be destroyed as soon as the Countess Montijo had acknowledged the safe arrival of the consignment.

MR. AGAR ELLIS writes to a home paper :—Reading a most interesting book a short time ago called "La Réunion de la Lorraine à la France," I came across the following passage, which I copied, thinking it might come in handy :—"Le plan qu'il (le Cardinal Fleury) développa dans le conseil consistait uniquement à faire bombarder Luxembourg, sparce que bombarder, disait il, ce n'était point attaquer.'" This passage occurs in the "Mémoires du Maréchal de Villars." I trust that the parallel will cease here, and that our Minister will not, as the Cardinal did, throw away in negotiation all the advantages gained during the war."

THE American Government has at last taken in hand the ungracious task of auditing the expenses of General Garfield's illness, and the physicians have presented their accounts. Dr. Bliss and Dr. Hamilton claim each 25,000 dols., while Dr. Agnew estimates the value of his services at the more modest sum of 14,700 dols. The fourth doctor has not yet sent in his bill. Unfortunately, Congress allotted only 35,000 dols. in all as fees for the physicians, and no one seems to know very clearly how the unexpectedly high charges of the leeches are to be met. The question is complicated by the growing conviction that their blunders really caused the President's death. Professor Esmarch, the eminent surgeon, declares that the wound was not necessarily mortal, and that the suppuration which caused death was produced by repeated probing. "Had no search been made for the ball, and had the wound been properly dressed so as to exclude germs, the President," he asserts, "would be alive to-day." The medical attendants have, indeed themselves confessed to extraordinary blunders in their diagnosis. Whatever the Audit Committee may decide, the outside public are certainly of opinion that, as the doctors have shown no delicacy in preparing the bills, the State should have no delicacy in scrutinising them.

THE first column of the *Times* of the 3rd Nov.—what has been described with reprehensible levity as the "Hatch, Match, and Despatch column"—is the most surprising and melancholy record that the *St. James's Gazette* has ever seen in that or any other journal. It is a chronicle of mortality in childbed such as never has been known before. Thus it begins :—

DEATHS.

On the 21st Sept., at Sourabaya, Java, the wife of GEORGE S. J. SANDERSON, of a son.

On the 24th Sept., at Devallah, S. E. Wynaad, the wife of F. E. HARMAN, of a daughter.

On the 3rd Oct., at Kandy, Ceylon, the wife of JOHN B. BISHOP, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, &c., of a daughter.

Going further down the list, we find that sixteen other unfortunate ladies in one day's record died [redacted]son," and seven "of a daughter."—In fact, was not a single case of surviva.. And to the matter worse one brutal husband has to the announcement of his wife's decease ell."

RENTLY the ladies in Austria have some in obtaining husbands. At least, one esume so from the eagerness with which btful chances are snatched at, as instanced air which recently came to light. A man advertised in an Austrian newspaper—"My name is Frederick. I am as poor as I am old and ugly. If my stupidity could be surpassed by anything it would be by my wickedness. All the same, I seek a wife." Not a very attractive advertisement, and yet Frederick received numerous replies. What makes the matter worse is that the names of the fair ones so eager to marry have become known, at least to the police. Frederick, it appears, is one of those enterprising gentlemen who live by swindling other people, and it was upon his being apprehended on several charges of fraud that the authorship of the queer advertisement above quoted transpired. The fellow is said to have handed over to the police over a hundred favourable replies he had received, and several photographs of not at all ill-looking women. Frederick's style of swindling was to assume a rank that did not belong to him, and he succeeded in duping hotel-keepers, tradesmen, and even money-lenders on the strength of a mythical title of Count or Baron. Probably his matrimonial advertisement was the first step towards some fresh imposition that he had planned.

MILITARY NEWS.

COLONEL DAVID BUTLER YOUNG, Controller Military Accounts, Bombay, succeeds Colonel Walter Theodore Chitty, Bombay Staff Corps, Controller Military Accounts, Bengal, in March next, on the latter's retirement from the service ; and it is reported that Captain G. W. Sawyer, First Pay Examiner, Bengal, will go home on medical certificate in the same vessel with Colonel Chitty, and will most probably be succeeded by Captain E. J. G. Lewis, Bengal Staff Corps, Paymaster Punjab Circle, Rawul Pindi.

NEW outposts are to be established this cold season, it is believed, on the Naga frontier beyond Nowgong, to prevent the incursions of Nagas in that direction. A contemporary suggests that "if some of the principal frontier outposts were further strengthened by a few Gatling guns, which might also be used on expeditionary service, the position would be more secure."

THE troops assembled at Lucknow are to be exercised in various manœuvres during the next two months. No regular camp of exercise will be formed, but the 5,000 men at General Cureton's disposal will be frequently brigaded for field operations of various kinds, and Commandants will be given every opportunity of instructing their men in outpost duty, reconaissances, and practical work of a similar nature.

THERE was to be a sham fight at Allahabad yesterday morning, in which the North Lancashire Regiment, the 28th P. N. I., and a small detachment of the 7th Bengal Cavalry were to take part. The general idea was that a hostile force, commanded by Major Hills, 28th P. N. I., advancing upon Allahabad from the south-west, would push forward a reconnaissance across the Jumna, with a view to occupying the village of Saipoor, to the south-west of the Khusru Bagh, thence reconnoitring in the direction of Allahabad. From this position a detachment under Colonel Beavan, N. L. Regiment, was to be charged with the duty of expelling them. Hostilities were to commence at 8-30 a. m.

THE native establishments attached to corps and departments in the Quetta district are, a contemporary believes, to be revised with a view to reduction, and to the rates of pay being assimilated with those ordinarily drawn by the corresponding classes in India, it being understood, however, that free rations will be issued in addition to pay in every case. The hospital establishments (including sick, carriage, and ambulance service) are to be thoroughly reorganized, and full provision made, not only for the station hospitals at Quetta, but for a field hospital of the moveable column, which at present consists of a squadron of cavalry, half a mountain battery, a wing of European infantry, and a regiment of native infantry, and is held in readiness to take the field whenever required. An important step has been taken to place the ambulance service on an efficient basis, it having been decided that in future all doolie-bearers (recruits) shall be examined by medical committees as to their ability to carry a doolie, and their physical fitness to perform their duties in the field. In consonance with these changes of organization, all corps and batteries proceeding to Quetta this season are to take their present establishments ; and the men are to receive the same rates of pay, precisely, as they now receive in India.

IT has been suggested that a Code of Medical Regulations, applicable to the whole of India, and abolishing all merely local rules and usages, should be prepared by a committee of officers, as in the case of the Commissariat Code lately published ; and it is said to be not improbable that this proposal will eventually be carried out.

THE Commander-in-Chief in India has directed General Officers Commanding to arrange for station hospitals being supplied with books from station libraries for the use of the sick, and has ordered that the pay of a hospital librarian, and other small contingent expenses, shall be met by donations from the canteen and library funds.

NOTICING the rumour that the abolition of the Hyderabad Contingent is contemplated, the *Englishman* asks :—"What is to become of the British officers pertaining to the Contingent ? We have already pointed out what a block in the regiments the late reductions in the Indian Armies are causing, and if the large numbers of unemployed or improperly employed officers be added to by further reductions, junior field officers will indeed need our pity and commiseration. This stagnation in the promotion in regiments will give rise to much discontent, and it would be a wise and economical policy on the part of Government to provide some liberal retiring scheme which its servants could accept."

THE Calcutta Rifle Volunteers made a grand show on Saturday evening at Government House, Calcutta. They turned out almost to a man to form the guard of honour for the reception of His Excellency the Viceroy, and numbered 549. Captain Howe's Company, C., formed 30 file in the ranks, with 5 sergeants and 3 officers ; two of the latter lately belonged to the Bombay Volunteer Rifles. The guard of honour of the 2nd Battalion Royal Warwickshire and the Presidency Volunteers filled the enclosure of Government House from west to east, and the whole place was illuminated with the electric light. Lord William Beresford, Military Secretary, by command of Lord Ripon conveyed to Major Hutchinson, Commandant, Presidency Volunteers, the pleasure it gave His Excellency to witness such a splendid turn-out of the Volunteers. Lord William Beresford further said that the Viceroy fully appreciated the compliment paid him, and that he would take an early opportunity of seeing the regiment on parade. The corps then marched to the Auchterlony monument, where the men were dismissed.

LIEUTENANT R. A. WILLIAMSON, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, has tendered his resignation.

THE Captain of E Company Calcutta Volunteer Rifles (Captain C. Liddell) has instituted a Bull's-eye Club in his company, for the encouragement of rifle shooting.

SIR DONALD STEWART'S TOUR.

THE Commander-in-Chief arrived at Rohri on the 16th November, and at once crossed the river to Sukkur, where a guard-of-honour furnished by the Volunteers was in attendance, under the command of Major Hughes. His Excellency was most hospitably entertained during the day by the Volunteers, in the building recently made over for railway offices, and left by special train after dinner for Sibi.

At Sibi he was received by a guard-of-honour of the 12th Bombay Native Infantry, and proceeded to the residency, leaving by special train after breakfast for Pir Chowki. Here a guard-of-honour was furnished by the 12th Bombay Native Infantry, who had only just arrived, *en route* to Quetta. The regiment is temporarily detained at Pir Chowki for work on the high level road through the Bolan, which has been recently determined upon, as a secure communication above the reach of the floods which destroy the road along the bed of the pass. From Pir Chowki His Excellency and staff marched to South Kirta, passing on the road the Bombay Sappers, employed in the new road near Kundilani, where good progress is being made. At South Kirta the river was tried for fish, but no sport was obtained.

On the 18th the party marched to Mach, 25 miles, and the next day into Quetta, 40 miles. During part of these days there was a strong, cold northerly wind blowing down the pass. On Monday an inspection was made of the fort and cantonments, and of part of the barracks, and visits were exchanged with His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, Bombay, who with his staff had recently returned to Quetta after a visit to Peshin. The condition and appearance of Quetta presented a remarkable improvement in every way. The cantonment and civil lines are clean, and well laid out with good roads, trees have been largely planted, and are doing well, and cultivation in the neighbourhood has been considerably increased. Many good houses have been built, and their compounds brought under cultivation ; there is a good racecourse and a good club, and the climate is delightful, with clear skies and fresh exhilarating air. There is slight frost at nights, but as yet no snow has fallen. The summer climate is also well spoken of, and there seems no reason why Quetta should not be one of the best stations in India, as soon as the access to it is improved. At present there are but few ladies in the station, but a large number are expected ; and as soon as its society expands, the institution of a tonga service on the already very good cold-weather road, which has fairly comfortable rest-houses, should make Quetta a very pleasant hill station for the residents in Sind. It is hoped that the health and convenience of the station may be provided for at the outset by assigning to it ample limits and a good supply of water, and that its future growth may be carefully watched and directed with the same care as has been shown by the present local authorities. In this connexion the approaching departure of the Superintending Engineer to Burma on promotion is a matter of considerable regret.

The Commander-in-Chief was much pleased with the healthy appearance of the troops, particularly of the Gloucester Regiment, and with the thoroughly serviceable condition of the transport animals under regimental charge. Much remains to be done as regards the construction of barracks and hospitals, the designs and sites for which have been approved by His Excellency, and the difficulty of finding money for these works, compared with the rapid and ample provision made for civil buildings, is remarkable.

On the morning of the 22nd the Commander-in-Chief reviewed the troops in garrison, and witnessed some brigade movements, which were executed with steadiness. Lieutenant-General Hardinge and staff were present. A further inspection of barracks was made, and the usual levée was held in the afternoon.

His Excellency left Quetta on the 22nd, and marched down the Bolan, arriving at Sibi on the 25th. The whole arrangements in the Bolan were most efficiently made by Captain Simpson, D.A.Q.-M.G., who was in attendance on the Commander-in-Chief. The railway arrangements, both going and returning, were very satisfactorily carried out by Messrs. Rutherford and Carnell.

His Excellency spent Sunday at Sibi as the guest of Sir R. and Lady Sandeman, in honour of whose arrival the town and public buildings were illuminated, and a display of fireworks took place ; and left for India on the morning of the 27th, the same train conveying Colonel and Mrs. Biddulph to Kurrachee.—*Pioneer.*

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORTS.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 4.—The reports are very defective from western and central parts of the Peninsula. Over other parts the pressure has increased briskly but uniformly, and the distribution is similar to normal, reading highest in the North-West, and lowest over the Bay of Bengal. The wind is between north-north-east and north-north-west, and light in force. The weather is fine and bright, though the sky is clouded in some places, and the only rain reported is a slight shower at Akyab. Rain to-day insignificant. Previously, Coimbatore and Madura had over an inch.

Dec. 5.—The increase of pressure reported yesterday has continued generally, and the distribution of pressure is similar to normal, the readings decreasing from maximum at Rawul Pindi to minimum at Cochin. The pressure is uniform. The wind is easterly in the west, northerly over the Bay, and variable elsewhere, and is everywhere light in force. The weather is fine, and scarcely any rain has fallen. To day Chittagong and Akyab had each ½ inch.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Meeting, Theosophical Society, Framjee Cowasjee Inst., 5-30 p. m.

Band, H. E. the Governor's, Esplanade, evening.

Gaiety Theatre : "East Lynne," 9 p. m.

Promenade Concert, Temple Bar, 9 p. m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessel arrived yesterday :—Scindia (s) and Ethiopia (s), from Calcutta.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessel sailed yesterday :—Pachamba (s), for Persian Gulf ; Plammiller (s), China.

THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The following programme will be played by His Excellency the Governor's band at the Esplanade bandstand this evening :—

Quadrille	La Mascotte	Mètra.
Overture	Poliuto	Donizetti.
Valse	The Colonel	Bucalossi.
Concert Polka	Bellona	Faust.
Selection	La Traviata	Verdi.
Selection	Il Barbiere	Rossini.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Caffilla entered, and the s. s. Australia left, the dock on Tuesday, and the s. s. Hampshire left yesterday.

THE ROOKMINIBAI DISPENSARY AT CALLIAN.—During the month of November 578 patients were treated in this institution, of whom 504 were new admissions (including 13 in-door patients).

FAIR.—The annual Navewady fair will be held at that locality on Sunday next, the 10th instant, and will continue for six successive days. There will be a grand illumination and a display of fireworks each night, as usual.

THE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.—The Seventh Annual Meeting of the Theosophical Society will be held to-day at 5-30 p.m. (Bombay time) at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute. The delegates from the various branches of the Society, who have arrived in Bombay especially for the anniversary, will address the meeting.

ASSAULT.—MR. H. A. Hildreth was yesterday convicted by Mr. Morojee Cassinath of assaulting Poondlick Gunesh, of the Executive Engineer's department of the Municipality, on the evening of the 18th ultimo at the Oval, during the entertainment given to the Indian Marine Contingent. He was fined Rs. 10.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday, at the Morgue, Cammateepoora, on the body of Narayen Pandoo, a labourer, aged thirty years. The deceased, while at the G. I. P. Railway Workshops at Parell, suddenly fell down in a fit, and died within a short time. The verdict was that the death of the deceased was caused by heart-disease.

FATAL CART ACCIDENT.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday, at the Morgue, Cammateepoora, on the body of Luximon Aba, aged sixteen years. The deceased was driving a cart laden with cases of machinery along the road at Chinchpoogly, when one of the wheels of the cart suddenly gave way and the vehicle upset. One of the cases of machinery, weighing about a ton, fell on the deceased, and killed him on the spot. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

A SUIT AGAINST HEERJEEBHOY HORMUSJEE SHROFF.—At the High Court on Tuesday afternoon last, before Mr. Justice Bayley, Mr. Lang, instructed by Mr. J. C. Cama, on behalf of the plaintiff in the case of Monjibai, widow, against Heerjeebhoy Hormusjee Shroff and others, moved for a rule *nisi* restraining the defendant, Dr. Byramjee Nowrojee, from charging, encumbering, or in any way disposing of the plaintiff's premises, and for the appointment of a receiver to receive the rents and profits thereof. Mr. Lang, in answer to the judge, said that the property was conveyed to Dr. Byramjee through fraud of the defendant Heerjeebhoy Hormusjee Shroff, as alleged in Monjibai's plaint, which appeared in our issue of the 5th instant. His lordship granted the application.

DIVINE SERVICE.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SERVICE will be held this (Thursday) evening at half-past seven o'clock on board the barque Callirhoe. The Bethel flag will be hoisted in the afternoon. Captains, officers, and seamen are cordially invited to attend. A launch, for friends from shore, will leave Apollo-bunder at 7 p.m. precisely.

ENTERTAINMENT AT ST. MARY'S COLLEGE, MAZAGON.

THE annual entertainment at the above institution, coupled with the annual distribution of prizes to the successful scholars, was held on Tuesday at the college building, Nesbit-lane, Mazagon, under the presidency of the Right Revd. Dr. Leo Meurin, S. J., R. C. Bishop of Bombay.

The entertainment was in the form of a theatrical performance, in which the boys of the school took part. The piece performed was a drama in three acts entitled "A Father's Curse," which was rendered in a very creditable manner.

At the close of the dramatic performance the following report was read by one of the Reverend Fathers :—

We close the present scholastic year with a less number of boarders on the rolls than last year, which is chiefly due to the following causes:—Some boys were not re-admitted or were discharged on account of their parents not paying the fees they had agreed to ; several others were directed to leave and to seek for employment, as they had no capacity for further studies; some became day-scholars, their parents having removed to the immediate neighbourhood of the institution. Besides this, eight left for Europe with their parents, two joined the Medical Department, and two were compelled to leave a few weeks ago on account of the unexpected death of their father, the eldest, a lad of 17 years, having to take on him the charge of providing for his orphan brothers and sisters. Owing to these circumstances, the number was reduced from 207 to 189 boarders. The number of day-scholars is 207, as against 200 last year. The moral behaviour of the boys throughout the year has been satisfactory, though we had the sad duty of expelling a few from the institution on account of misconduct. This timely severity, however, contributed not a little to the preservation of the good spirit among the remaining. As regards application to studies, we had no reason whatever to complain, and the Government examination proved that we have not been working without success. The Government Educational Inspector left us with the encouraging remark that he had been much pleased with the results of the examination, and that he saw that great pains had been taken. Special thanks are due to Divine Providence for the excellent health which nearly all the boys enjoyed during the year—a blessing all the more appreciable from the fact that fever and other sicknesses prevailed this year rather extensively in this city and island generally. In consideration of the large dimensions to which St. Mary's Institution has grown in course of time, and especially of its gradual development from a mere orphanage, which it was in the beginning, into a first-class boarding establishment and school in connection with the Bombay University, the Very Rev. Father General of the Society of Jesus, in a letter dated the 6th January, 1882, to our Right Rev. Bishop, made known his wish that the designation of the Institution and its Superior be changed into College and Rector respectively. This is in accordance with the usages of the Society elsewhere, and accounts for the change the institution has undergone in regard to the name under which it has been so long and so favourably known.

Afterwards the prizes were distributed.

The National Anthem, played by the school band, closed the proceedings.

HIGH COURT.

THE ASHBURNER ESTATE.

HORMUSJEE CURSETJEE ASHBURNER *vs.* BOMONJEE CURSETJEE ASHBURNER AND OTHERS.

(Before Mr. C. E. Fox, Commissioner.)

BAI SHEERINBAI, the widow of the late Cursetjee Cowasjee Ashburner, had filed a claim in the Commissioner's office to be a creditor upon the above estate for divers sums of money, aggregating Rs. 72,080 or thereabouts. She also claimed that she held an equitable mortgage over the Bhandoop estate in respect of the said claim.

The plaintiff, Mr. Hormusjee Cursetjee Ashburner, as one of the administrators of the estate, admitted a part of the claim, but amongst other things contended that the said mortgage was colourable and void as against the estate, and that it was given without his knowledge or consent. The Commissioner, after hearing a considerable body of evidence, decided on the 30th November last that the claimant was entitled as against the estate to a sum of Rs. 26,412 only, with interest at 6 per cent. per annum, and that out of that amount Rs. 22,860 only were validly secured by an equitable mortgage over the Bhandoop estate. Further, that Rs. 21,006, another part of her claim, were due not to the claimant, but to the legal representatives of her mother, the late Jerbai Bomonjee Motabhoy, and that the claimant was not entitled to the sum of Rs. 18,000, which she claimed for the marriage expenses of her sons Cowasjee, Ardasir, and Rustomjee. The claimant was further allowed her costs of appearance by counsel, but the equitable mortgage was not to extend to such costs. Mr. Budroodeen Tyabjee, instructed by Mr. Allan F. Turner, appeared for the claimant, and Mr. Framjee Rustomjee Vicajee, instructed by Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee, for the plaintiff.

SMALL CAUSES COURT.—DEC. 6.

(Before Mr. HART, First Judge.)

SUIT AGAINST A MILITARY OFFICER.

THOMAS RANDALL *vs.* W. H. STOFFORD.

THE plaintiff, who is the proprietor of Hamilton's Hotel at Mazagon, applied for leave to file a suit against the defendant, who is a Major in the 2nd Light Cavalry Regiment, now stationed at Poona, and for an order to transmit the summons to Poona for service on the defendant. The plaintiff stated in his application that the suit was to recover Rs. 215-4, being the amount due on account of board and lodging and materials supplied to the defendant from 26th March to 14th April last, during his stay at the plaintiff's hotel. The defendant, before proceeding to Poona, promised to pay the amount of the hotel bill, but he had not yet done so.

His honour made the order applied for.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.—DEC. 6.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

THE following, among other matters, were heard before his lordship :—

RE NUSSERWANJEE DINSHAW DUBASH.

The Hon'ble Mr. Budroodeen applied for leave to amend the schedule and to serve notices. The petition was filed on the 17th June last. The application was granted.

RE ALLADINBHOY HUBIBBHOY.

Mr. Manker, for the insolvent, applied for an extension of the interim order. The Official Assignee had no objection ; and ~~an extension~~ for three months was granted.

RE VENAYEK WASUDEO TULPHADE.

Mr. Dhairyavan, on behalf of the insolvent, applied for an interim order, which was granted.

RE CAMAJEE JEEJAJEE.

Mr. Manker applied for an extension of the interim order, which was granted by Mr. Justice West during the vacation for a month. The insolvent had been compromising with his creditors, and only eight remained to be settled with. He has had a contract from the Municipality, which owed him Rs. 7,000 ; and the Official Assignee had written to the Municipal Commissioner on the subject, but had received no reply. The order was extended for two months.

RE LUKHMIDAS PUDUMSEY.

Mr. Manker, on behalf of the insolvent, who obtained his discharge some months ago, applied for a final discharge in the nature of a certificate. Notices had been served to all the creditors, but there was no opposition, and the application was granted.

RE LUDHA GHELLA AND ANOTHER.

The insolvents traded in the name of Mowjee Tricumdas. The schedule had not been filed. Mr. Manker applied for leave to withdraw the petition. The application was not granted, as the schedule had not been filed, but the time for filing it was extended.

RE HORMUSJEE DADABHOY JEELA.

On Mr. Manker's application, leave was granted to amend the schedule and to serve notices.

DISCHARGES.

The following insolvents were granted discharges :—Henry Jurain, liabilities Rs. 343. Vause Fretwell, Rs. 499. Vallabdas Vanmalidas, Rs. 4,313, J. A. de Souza, Rs. 260, Furdoonjee Nowrojee Daroowalla, Rs. 883, John Alexander French, Rs. 5,057. Essak Mulloo, Rs. 1,217, Raghoo Babajee and others, Rs. 403. Vullee Jeeva and others, Rs. 3,731. Oodowjee Anundjee, Rs. 3,827. Gazper Jooma and others, Rs. 880.

THE reason why so many are unable to take Cocoa is, that the varieties commonly sold are mixed with starch, under the plea of rendering them soluble ; while really making them *thick, heavy and indigestible*. This may be easily detected, *for if Cocoa thickens in the cup it proves the addition of starch.* Cadbury's Cocoa Essence is genuine ; it is therefore three times the strength of these Cocoas, and a refreshing beverage like tea or coffee.

The most wholesome and nutritious of confections is far less consumed than it would were it not for the greatly adulterated articles sold under the name of chocolate. Every cake of Chocolate bearing the name of Cadbury is guaranteed to consist solely of pure Cocoa and white sugar. Makers to the Queen.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE GAEKWAR'S VISIT TO AHMEDABAD.

THE *Vartman Sar*, published at Surat, is responsible for the following :—"On the troops in attendance on the Gaekwar reaching Ahmedabad, Mr. Shepherd, the Revenue Commissioner N. D., issued an order for their withdrawal from the city within twenty-four hours, on the plea of public health. Again, another hint was thrown out that the Gaekwar should not pass through the city on an elephant. We are sure this has been done without the knowledge of the Bombay Government, who should take some notice of the affair."

THE WYNAAD GOLD FIELDS.

THE *Madras Mail* publishes the following account of the progress made in Indian gold mining, from its "Special Reporter" in the Wynaad :—

Ootacamund, Dec. 3.—The time has now arrived for something definite to be proved respecting the paying or non-paying capabilities of the Wynaad mines. The Companies which have been at work for months past, are Rhodes Reef, Trevelyan, Phœnix, S. E. Wynaad, and Glenrock, and it is not unnatural that some results, either good or evil, and of a definite character should be made public. Rhodes Reef commenced crushing on the 20th of last February, but as there were many little faults which could only be gradually detected, and which necessarily had to be mended, this Company's operations, so far as steady crushing goes, may properly be considered to date from about April. The great drawback appears to be in getting machinery up. For instance, machinery ordered by this Company in about April last, has not arrived yet, I am told, and the same difficulty must apply to other Companies. The Rhodes Reef Company's battery has been at work steadily day and night for some time now, and is looked to as the battery from which results of a permanently definite character will be soon declared. Mr. Gitchell has done his very utmost to correct the most trifling flaws, and has employed every effort to make the battery as perfect as can be, so that any results that are obtained here ought to be considered reliable. I believe Mr. Gitchell intends to "clean-up" in a few days, when we hope to hear something satisfactory. The Treveleyan Company has also been at work for some months past. The stamps erected here are Patterson's patent elephant stamps, possessing the novelty of the force of the stroke existing in the leverage, and not in the weight of the stamps as they fall. The Trevelyan Company is also among the mysterious workers, for nothing in the way of results has been made known at this mine, though crushing has been going on for some months. The same may be said of S. E. Wynaad with this difference, that the situation and general character of the country about this claim is such as to furnish every facility. Phœnix and Glenrock are contiguous, and many difficulties had to be encountered here, owing to the very rough character of the country, as these properties are among precipitous hills and gorges and thick forests. Yet they have done well. Much hard work has been gone through at both mines with great credit as to the substantial manner in which the work has been turned out. As yet, Phœnix takes the lead in regard to "golden results" achieved. Mr. Grove is one of those old hands who has seen much of the industry in the colonies, and who, being naturally of a practical turn of mind, could hardly have done otherwise than turn the present opportunity to the best account. His works well repay inspection. At present he is concentrating all his energies at the battery,—the object being to produce as much gold as possible, so that he may win the £1,000 prize offered. At Glenrock crushing has only been going on for about two months. In this short space of time, it is of course difficult to get at anything like reliable results, as, when a new mill begins work, there are so many little things which require constant observation and change, that for some time it ought properly to be considered as employed only in "trial running." The Glenrock property is very extensive and the "Plantain" reef especially is reputed to be of great value both for its dimensions and the quality of the stone. The battery here is an exact counterpart of the one imported by Mr. Severn, of the Indian Gold Mines Company, and came from Messrs. Appleby Brothers' Workshops at Greenwich. It consists of 20-head of stamps on the Cornish principle, and is worked by a turbine. Mr. Pinching has lately had some results, but I understand they were not thought to be sufficiently reliable to publish. The Indian Kingstone Company, whose able manager is Mr. W. R. Moore, M. E., may justly be considered the most unfortunate of all the concerns floated. The property of this Company is contiguous to the S. E. Wynaad Company's claim. Mr. Moore is an expert and able mining manager, who brought with him a considerable amount of experience and practical skill from the Californian and other gold fields, and it is to be regretted that such a man had not a better claim to work. Mr. Moore started work in December last and certainly kept the lead of any mine here in the amount of push and energy displayed. In July last he had completed the erection of a splendid 20-head Californian mill, with quite an ingenious method in the laying of the foundations, so as to obviate even a minimum amount of vibration. The excavations made to enable the mill to be put up are something stupendous, but the economy displayed in completing this expensive earthwork well deserves imitation by the managers of other Compaines, who have similar work before them. Mr. Moore has identified himself particularly in regard to the treatment of ores. Some months ago, when the Alpha battery was at work, Mr. Moore was specially engaged to treat the stuff which had passed through the stamps, and on that occasion he proved incontestably to the discomfiture of Mr. O'Donoghue, who was a most persistent sceptic, that gold was obtainable if it was known how to treat the ores. I quite recently witnessed a most interesting process in connection with the extraction of gold from the pyrites by an original patent machine which Mr. Moore has invented for the purpose, and I was much surprised at the simplicity of the arrangement. I saw 250lb. of calcined pyrites put into the machine and every particle of gold was taken out of it in the space of one hour, at a cost, Mr. Moore told me, of only Rs. 5 ! A public trial of this ingenious contrivance will very soon be made when I hope to be present, and will give full particulars.

THE DURBAR AT BELVEDERE.

THIS was the first durbar held in Calcutta by the Hon'ble Rivers Thompson, as Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and it was largely attended by Rajahs and other native gentlemen of high rank in the presidency. All the members of the Bengal Council and other officials of the Bengal Government, the Chief Justice and Judges of the High Court, Military officers of rank, Archdeacon Baly and several civilians were present at the ceremony, which took place in the durbar hall. The scene was a glittering one. The hall was brilliantly illuminated, and there was a large gathering of ladies, including Mrs. and Miss Thompson. A detachment of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment formed a guard-of-honour outside at the foot of the stairs, the band being stationed on the upper landing, and European policemen kept the walks and passages. The display of Oriental costume was gorgeous, the dresses of some of the Rajahs and native noblemen sparkling with jewellery and heavy with gold embroidery. All persons invited to attend were assembled at 9-15 p. m. As his Honour entered the durbar hall, all present rose and remained standing until he took his seat on the dais. Maharajah the Hon'ble Sir Jotindro Mohun Tagore, K.C.S.I., was then conducted by Mr. F. B. Peacock, Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Political Department, to the front of the dais and introduced to the Lieutenant-Governor, who delivered to the Maharajah the insignia of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India. The grant of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen and Empress of India, conferring the dignity on the Maharajah, was then read by the Political Secretary, and his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, in handing the grant and covenant to the Maharajah, said :—

"Maharajah Jotindra Mohun Tagore,—I am here under the orders of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India to present you with the insignia of the Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India—a dignity which Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress has commanded to be conferred upon you. It is to me a great personal gratification that it devolves upon me to deliver these insignia on the present occasion, because I can claim, more perhaps than any other European official now in India can do, a long period of acquaintance, and I hope I may add, of friendship with yourself and your family. You are now the chief representative of the elder branch of the Tagore family which is one of the oldest and most eminent in Calcutta. You can claim not only an ancient lineage, but by your personal services as a member, first of the Bengal Legislative Council, and now for nearly six years of the Imperial Legislative Council for India, by your thoughtful interest in the progress of the country, by your liberal promotion of education and literature in these provinces, and by the unexceptional private and intellectual tastes and accomplishments which secure for you the esteem and regard of your fellow-countrymen you have justified the recognition, which the presentation of these outward tokens of Her Majesty's favour now publicly confirm. As a proprietor of large estates in many districts, in Bengal, you enjoy wealth which enables you to maintain the high dignity of your position, and to fulfil, as past times of trouble in the great famine have already enabled you to fulfil, the responsibilities and obligations which wealth and influence carry with them. I know I speak to one who will not lightly forget that duty, and I sincerely congratulate you on the distinguished honour of which you are now the recipient. In handing to you this grant and covenant, I must ask your attention to their contents, and to the return of the covenant under your signature to the Secretary to this Government in the Political Department."

Rajah Poorno Chunder Singh was next conducted to the front of the dais and presented to the Lieutenant-Governor, who granted him permission to retire for the purpose of being robed. After the Rajah had been robed he entered the durbar hall, accompanied by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Political Department and stood in front the Lieutenant-Governor, who rose up, with all the company, and presented a sword to the Rajah. The *sunnud* conferring the title of Rajah was then read by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Political Department, and the Lieutenant-Governor addressed the Rajah as follows :—

"Poorno Chunder Sing,—It gives me great pleasure to present you with the sword as an accompaniment to the title of Rajah which His Excellency the Viceroy of India has been pleased to confer upon you as a personal distinction. You are the son of a distinguished father, who was Vice-President of the British Indian Association, and as a princely contributor to many charitable institutions of Calcutta and other places gained a high reputation for his disinterested benefactions in behalf of all objects of public improvements. You have succeeded in great part to your father's landed possessions. I trust you will follow the example of your father's usefulness. You will know that I am right in frankly impressing on you that the wealth which you inherit and the dignity to which you are now elevated impose on you corresponding obligations, and that you will best discharge those obligations by zealously promoting the well-being of the tenantry on your extensive estates, and by an intelligent development of the resources of your property."

Rai Jodunath Roy, Bahadoor, and Rai Prosunno Kumar Banerjee, Bahadoor, next entered the durbar hall. The *sunnuds* conferring the title of Rai Bahadoor were then read and handed to the Rai Bahadoors by the Political Secretary, His Honour addressing each of the recipients in a few appropriate sentences. The Rai Bahadoors then took their seats in durbar. After a pause, the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Political Department conducted, first, Maharajah the Hon'ble Sir Jotindro Mohun Tagore, K.C.S.I., and then the Maharajahs and Rajahs in order of their precedence, and Rai Jodunath Roy, Bahadoor, and Rai Prosunno Kumar Banerjee, Bahadoor, to the front of the dais, where they received *attar* and *pan* from the Lieutenant Governor.—*Statesman.*

SERIOUS INFRINGEMENT OF THE ARMS ACT.

T. P. LUSCOMBE, licensed trader under the Arms Act, Allahabad, was on Saturday last placed before the Cantonment Magistrate of Allahabad, charged as follows :—

(*a*)—Under section 411 I. P. C., dishonestly receiving or retaining stolen property.

(*b*)—Under section 19, clause (*a*), Act XI of 1878, selling, keeping, offering, or exposing for sale military stores without a license.

(*c*)—Under section 17, clause (*a*), Arms Act (clause 8, section 19, Act XI of 1878), intentionally making a false entry in accounts required to be kept under this section.

(*d*)—Selling, keeping, offering for sale unlicensed military stores in such a manner as to indicate an intention that such an act may not be known to a public servant as defined in the Indian Penal Code, and section 20, Act XI of 1878.

(*e*)—Under section 155, Army Act of 1881.

The prosecution was represented by Lala Ram Pershad, with whom the defendant's pleader had a conference, the result of which was that the accused pleaded guilty to the graver charge under Section 20, Act XI of 1878. The prosecution was not anxious to prove anything more than what Mr. Luscombe had already confessed, and but one witness, Conductor Devine, was examined in regard to the powder, who stated that the powder now in Court is a mixture of grains. It is serviceable and similar to the Government powder daily in use in the Arsenal. Witness is unable to give its value. To questions put by defendant, witness said that he had not tested the powder as to its being serviceable, but judged by appearances. The large grain powder now in the box is such as is used by the Artillery. Witness has known soldiers to belong to sporting clubs. Such clubs get cartridges on requisition from the Arsenal, but witness cannot say whether they get loose powder.

The Magistrate reviewed the case as follows :—The accused is a merchant carrying on business in Allahabad. He possesses a license for the sale of arms and ammunition under Act XI of 1878. Recently the police received information that defendant was in possession of military ammunition, and the Assistant District Superintendent of Police, taking the opportunity of the issue of a search warrant against the defendant in another case, visited the shop in company with the informer, who pointed out a box in a small room of the shop office. The box being unlocked, the Assistant District Superintendent of Police opened it, and found therein 9 bags of powder, weighing 42½ lbs. and a small box, covered with with canvas, containing 39½ lbs. of powder. The small box was also unlocked. The accused's ammunition account books were seized. This powder is not entered therein, but there is an entry of receipt of some powder from Messrs. T. H. Smith & Co., which the prosecution were prepared to prove is a false entry. The accused has been sent for trial on five charges. Acting under advice of his counsel, the accused has pleaded guilty to the most serious charge under section 20, Act XI of 1878. He has made a full statement, which, in some respects, is verified by the evidence of Conductor Devine. The powder in the canvas-covered box is declared to be military powder, used for artillery purposes, and is serviceable. The powder in bags cannot be identified, and is declared unserviceable. Mr. Luscombe admits receiving the whole lot from artillerymen, large grain and small being mixed together, and afterwards sifted by him, and he states that he obtained it as a present from soldiers in the battery of artillery which left the atation last year ; that the soldiers gave him to understand that it belonged to their gun clubs ; and, as they were leaving, it was of no further use to them. Conductor Devine tells me that such sporting clubs do exist and are supplied with ammunition from the Arsenal on indent. He denies, however, that the large grained powder in Court would be given for such purposes, and the defendant himself is in a position to know that such powder would not be used for ordinary sporting purposes. The box in which the powder is now contained is of the pattern in use in the Arsenal. Conductor Devine says that some ammunition boxes have been sold by auction. Defendant says he brought the box now in Court at an auction. It bears a faded paper lable addressed—"Commissary of Ordnance." Had the defendant obtained it dishonestly, it is unreasonable to suppose that he would not have removed this label. On the whole, therefore, I am disposed to believe the defendant when he says that he got the powder from artillery soldiers. Such an act, if committed in British possessions out of India, would be punishable under section 156 of the Army Act. In India, however, the offence is made a more serious one by the provisions of the Arms Act, and defendant has rendered himself liable to the punishment proscribed by section 20 of that Act.

The Magistrate directed the defendant to come up for judgment yesterday (Monday) morning. Accused appeared before the Magistrate as directed, and was sentenced to a fine of Rs. 500, or in default to two months' rigorous imprisonment. The fine was paid.—*Pioneer.*

ESCHEATED ESTATES.

IN a circular, from the Government of India, dated the 27th August, 1881, Local Governments and Administrations were requested to furnish reports of the following points in regard to the disposal of escheated estates which may have belonged to Hindus, Mahomedans, and others to whom the Indian Succession Act does not apply :—

(1) the practice which has hitherto prevailed in dealing with such escheats, together with particulars in regard to the treatment of the more important cases which have occurred in the several provinces ;

(2) the pecuniary value of such escheats during the last ten years ; and

(3) whether the existing practice is in accordance with Native custom and feeling.

A Resolution of the Government of India, now published, says :

It appears from the replies received that the practice which prevails in the several provinces in dealing with escheats of the kind under notice is not altogether uniform in points of detail, but there is sufficient evidence to show that the existing procedure is in consonance with Native custom and feeling, that it is held by Native opinion to be justified, and that it operates with due consideration in the large majority of cases. The replies also show that such escheats on any large scale are of rare occurrence owing to the constitution of Native socity, and that the financial issues involved are so small as to render in unnecessary to take them into account.

Under the above circumstances, the question of the disposal of these escheats does not appear to the Governor-General in Council to require the issue of any detailed orders on the part of the Government of India. His Excellency in Council, however, desires to take the opportunity of expressing his hope that Local Governments and Administrations will on the occurrence of the escheat of estates which may have belonged to Hindus, Mahomedans, or orthers to whom the Indian Succession Act does not apply, deal in a liberal spirit of the claim of any persons who, except for the fact of illegitimacy, would have been entitled to succeed, or who for any reason have a moral, though not a legal, claim to consideration. Such cases should in future be reported to the Government of India for final orders with suitable recommendations.

THE S. S. AUSTRAL.

THE following is a description of the Orient Line steamer Austral, which recently capsized and sank in Sydney Harbour :—

The Austral had been built but a few months. She was the first of her type, not only in respect of speed, but in the structure of the hull, the ventilation of the state rooms, the arrangement made for the importation of frozen meat from Australia, and the effectiveness of the vessel as an auxiliary to our naval force. Her length over all was 474ft., her breadth 48ft. 3 in., and her depth moulded was 37ft. Her displacement on the load line was about 9,500 tons. When she was built the following description of her appeared in a home paper :—She is built throughout of mild steel, and has three steel decks. She is divided below the inner skin and the double bottom into nineteen separate water-tight compartments, and in the hull proper within the interior skin she is divided by thirteen water-tight bulkheads, ten of which run up to the level of the main deck. If the whole of the lower compartments were filled with water, the effect would be an additional draught to the extent of 18 in., and if the sea got into two of them, the stability and surplus buoyancy of the vessel would prevent her from being endangered. Above the main deck the ship is divided into seven fire-proof compartments, all in communication with the main deck ; and as the pumping power provided is equal to 2,228 tons per hour, there is ample arrangement made for flooding any of the compartments in case of fire, or extracting the water in case of their becoming water-logged. In the event of the engines being disabled, the vessel is provided with four masts, the fore and main being square-rigged, and the mizzen and jigger having fore and aft sails, which combined, will give about 28,000 superficial feet of canvas ; thus the vessel is well under command independently of steam power. These provisions for the general safety of the vessel are supplemented by unusual care for the comfort of the passengers. The cabins are all placed within the area of the ship, with a gangway 4ft. wide, running right along the vessel, outside the state rooms, and at frequent intervals across the ship. This permits each state room to be constructed like an ordinary compartment, with windows instead of portholes ; and the porthole in the side of the ship may be opened even in rough weather without any fear of water entering the cabin. If a sea should strike the vessel when the porthole is open, the water will fall on to the gangway."

MR. STREETER,
NEW BOND ST., LONDON
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DIAMOND AND PEARL MERCHANT,
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JEWELLER.

DIAMONDS,
SAPPHIRES,
CAT'S-EYES,
OPALS,
EMERALDS,
RUBIES,
PEARLS!

NOTE.—The business now conducted by MR. STREETER is the same as formerly carried on by MR. HARRY EMANUEL and EMANUEL BROS., of Bevis Marks.

MR. STREETER'S Collection of Rough and Cut Stones always on view.

FINE GEMS PURCHASED FOR CASH.

BENGAL.

MISSIONARY WORK.—A boarding school for native Christian girls is about to be established in Calcutta under the superintendence of Miss Neele and Miss Sampson. Miss Neele was formerly attached to the Church Mission Society's Mission at Agurparah.

FIRE ON THE HOOGHLY.—Last Thursday night, a country boat, laden with 30 drums of jute, took fire while anchored along with some other boats at Pathuriaghatta. It appears that whilst the *dandis* were taking their meal in the hold of the boat, a spark from the cooking place caught some loose jute, and the whole boat was on fire in an instant. The River Police boat promptly went alongside the burning boat, and separated the boats that were attached to her, and sank her. The fire was put out in about three-quarters of an hour. It was said that the jute was valued at Rs. 1,000, and the boat at Rs. 600.

A LIBERAL RAJA.—The following are some of the most recent donations of His Highness the Maharajah of Durbhunga :—Rs. 1,500 to the Bar Library at Bhaugulpore ; Rs. 500 towards the Hindoo Literary Society ; Rs. 500 towards the W. T. R. Association ; Rs. 400 to the Durbhunga Magistrate to fill up ditches and gaps in Russerah ; Rs. 200 for prizes for the Somastipore Volunteers ; Rs. 200 for prizes for the Simla Volunteers ; Rs. 200 for prizes for the Jamalpore Volunteers ; Rs. 100 towards the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals ; and Rs. 100 towards the construction of Sherborne dispensary.—*Behar Herald.*

SUGGESTED RAILWAY IMPROVEMENTS.—It would seem that the inhabitants of Gya are far from satisfied with their present railway service, for they took advantage of Mr. Hope's visit to the town on his way down country last week, to present a formidable petition for its improvement. The demands of Gya are comprehensive—a new intermediate class, better carriages in the present classes, increased speed, sheds for 5,000 pilgrims, and finally a couple of light railways to connect Gya with Hazareebagh on the one hand, and with the East Indian, through Behar, on the other. The latter needs may be more or less pressing, but the earlier suggest a state of things hardly creditable to the Patna-Gya Railway, which is notably one of the best paying provincial lines in India.—*Pioneer.*

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—Mrs. Alice Bartlett, who stood charged in the Calcutta Presidency Magistrate's Court with attempting to commit suicide by means of a knife, and who was ordered to be kept in the lock-up under observation of Dr. Nicholson, the Police Surgeon, was to have been re-arraigned on Thursday last, but His Worship was informed that on the very day of the last, adjournment the accused, when in her cell, awaiting examination, became very violent and dashed her head against the wall and the iron bars of her cell with such force as to cause her considerable injury, and compel her removal to the Medical College Hospital, where she lies in a very precarious state. The case has been postponed *sine die.*

DEATHS IN CALCUTTA.—During the week ending the 25th November there were 312 deaths in Calcutta, of which number 5 were among Non-Asiatics, 5 among Mixed Races, 224 among Hindoos, 77 among Mohammedans and 1 among other class. Forty-seven deaths were due to cholera, and 105 to fevers. Cholera is pronounced to have slightly abated during the week.

MADRAS.

VOLUNTEER CAMP OF EXERCISE.—Arrangements are being made by the Officer Commanding the Duke's Own Volunteer Artillery, to hold a camp of exercise, similar to that of last year, on the Fort glacis. Nearly all the members of the battery have signified their intention of taking part in it.—*Madras Mail.*

AN AWKWARD INTERFERENCE.—A correspondent writes to the *Bangalore Post*, from Trichinopoly : "During Divine service at St. John's church, on the morning of Sunday last, the Rev. Mr. Penny proceeded to publish the banns of a certain young couple, but just as he had mentioned the names of the bride and bridegroom elect, a lady, who was keenly watching the proceedings, rose from her seat, waving her handkerchief to the chaplain, called out to him to stop further proceedings. The reverend gentleman thereupon asked her to see him in the vestry, but the lady declined so doing, and openly announced that she had already given him warning and that seeing he disregarded the same, she was necessitated to pursue the present course. The congregation was quite astounded, and the reverend gentleman himself became so tremulous that it was feared he would go into a swoon. From what could be gathered on the subject, I learn that the lady who caused this sensation is the afflicted mother of a young damsel to whom the bridgroom elect had plighted his troth, and he was now transferring his affections to another."

EAST INDIANS AS POLICE CONSTABLES.—Mr. D. S. White writes to the *Madras Mail* :—"Some weeks ago the Association addressed Government on the subject of enlisting East Indians and domiciled Europeans into the Police Force as Constables. I have just received G. O., from which it appears that Government are not prepared to accept the proposal to form a special Police Force to be recruited entirely from Eurasians, but as they think the experiment of employing Eurasians as Constables deserving of encouragement, they ask the Inspector-General to afford me the opportunity of recommending suitable candidates. At present, until I see the Inspector-General, I can say nothing more ; but those willing to enlist or to obtain information, may apply at the office of the Association, back of the Memorial Hall."

N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH, AND PUNJAB.

THE PUNJAB COMMISSION.—We noted the other day that among the changes consequent on Colonel C. H. Hall's retirement, Colonel C.C. Minchin would be transferred from Hissar to the Lahore Division. It is probable that Major L. J. H. Grey, C. S. I., at present officiating as Secretary to the Board of Examiners, at Calcutta, will act as Commissioner of the Hissar Division.—*Civil and Military Gazette.*

THE UMBALLA WATERWORKS.—His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab paid a visit to the Head Works of the Umballa Water Supply, some seven miles out of Cantonments, on the morning of the 1st inst., accompanied by Mr. Macnabb, the Commissioner of the Division, and Mr. Mackworth Young. He was received by Major D'Aguilar Jackson, the Executive Engineer of the Military Works, and inspected the works in progress. They have been in course of construction for some years, and give already a constant supply of 200,000 gallons a day to the station. When finished, a supply of half a million gallons is expected. The water is distributed all over the station, Lines, and Bazaars, into reservoirs, from which it is drawn by taps. The total cost, when complete, will be 10 lakhs of rupees.—*Civil and Military Gazette.*

CRICKET AT LUCKNOW.

A MATCH was played on the Mahomed Bagh ground on Friday and Saturday last between the Station Club and a team chosen from among the Visitors present in Lucknow during the Viceregal stay there. The Visitors were outmatched, and succeeded in making only 77 in their first innings ; while the Station team gave them a vast amount of leather hunting, scoring 260 in very free style. But that several catches were missed the score would probably have been but little over the 100, Mr. Lincoln's 72 (which included some remarkably tall drives off the various bowlers) being a lucky innings. The wicket was very untrue, and while handicapping the bowlers, and the result of making the batsmen play scarcely up to their true form. In their second innings the Visitors went in for an hour's slogging, and there has seldom been seen a finer display of free hitting than that afforded by Mr. Irwin. In 13 hits he made 43 without a chance,—a 6, several 5s and a number of consecutive 4s to all parts of the ground being loudly applauded. Score :—

VISITORS.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
H. Hensman, c and b Allsopp	3		
G. Irwin, b Allsopp	10	st Shakespeare, b Becher	43
C. W. Rawlinson, b Becher	1	c Lugard, b Billings	7
"B. C. C.," run out	0	c and b Becher	13
Maj. Currie, b Becher	1	run out	0
Capt. Wiley, b Allsopp	10		
H. A. Merewether, c Lugard, b Billings	13	c Mackenzie, b Becher	8
Capt. Evetts, c and b Allsopp	5		
F. Baker, b Becher	14	not out	7
Capt. Mayne, b Becher	3	c Becher, b Billings	0
Maj. Maturin, not out	2	not out	12
A. F. Rawlinson, b Billings	8		
Byes, 2 ; leg-byes, 5	7	Byes, 6 ; leg-byes, 2.	8
Total	77	Total	98

THE STATION.

Dr. Exham, b Wiley	17
Maj. Lugard, l b w, b Hensman	7
D. Billings, b Wiley	32
H. T. Allsopp, l b w, b Rawlinson	1
C. Mackenzie, c Irwin, b Rawlinson	16
D. Macpherson, b Hensman	24
F. Lincoln, c Wiley, b "B. C. C."	72
Dr. Bourne, b Irwin	16
H. Beatson, b Currie	30
Maj. Shakespeare, not out	12
Col. Luard, l b w, b Rawlinson	12
Maj. Becher, b Rawlinson	0
Byes, 16 ; leg-byes, 3 ; wides, 2	21
Total	262

—*Pioneer.*

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A New Soft Felt Double Hat.
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THE LANDING AND SHIPPING COMPANY OF KURRACHEE, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders in the above Company will be held on THURSDAY, the 7th day of December, 1882, at 4 o'clock (Madras time), at the registered office of the company at McLeod Road, Kurrachee, to confirm the following special Resolutions passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the company held on 22nd November, 1882.

1. That the Landing and Shipping Company of Kurrachee, Limited, be wound up voluntarily under the provision of the "Indian Companies Act, 1882."

2. That Mr. Alexander McHinch be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator of the said Company without remuneration.

3. That the Liquidator be and he is] hereby authorised and empowered to sell, assign, transfer and make over as from the 1st day of December, 1882, unto a certain Joint Stock Company intended shortly to be formed and intended to be registered in Bombay under the provisions of the "Indian Companies Act, 1882," with limited liability and to be called "The Kurrachee Lighterage Company, Limited," having a Capital of Rs. 81,600 divided into 408 shares of Rs. 200 each, the sum of Rs. 10,000 in cash being part of the assets of the said Landing and Shipping Company of Kurrachee, Limited, and also all the fleet of barges, boats, and other the stock in trade, and all the moveable property and the business and good-will, assets and effects, rights and credits of the said Landing and Shipping Company of Kurrachee, Limited, save and except the cash in hand over and above the beforementioned sum of Rs. 10,000, deposits in Banks, and investments in Government Promissory Notes, belonging to the said Company, and save and except also such portion of the boats and barges belonging to the said Company as are no longer serviceable, and save and except also the claims of the said Company against Government; and to receive as the consideration for such sale, 408 fully paid up shares of the nominal value of Rs. 200 each in the said Kurrachee Lighterage Company, Limited, for distribution amongst the shareholders of the said landing and Shipping Company of Kurrachee, Limited, in such manner that the holder of each share in the said Landing and Shipping Company of Kurrachee, Limited, shall receive one fully paid up share of the nominal value of Rs. 200 in the said Kurrachee Lighterage Company, Limited, in respect of the said share so held by him.

4. That the sale of the said property of the said Landing and Shipping Company of Kurrachee, Limited, with the exception aforesaid to the said Kurrachee Lighterage Company, Limited, shall be made by the said liquidator subject to a covenant or undertaking on the part of the said Landing and Shipping Company of Kurrachee, Limited, to perform and fulfil all the agreements, contracts, engagements, and obligations by which the said Landing and Shipping Company of Kurrachee, Limited, shall be bound on the 1st day of December, 1882, and also to pay and discharge all the just debts and liabilities which shall be due and incurred by the said Landing and Shipping Company of Kurrachee, Limited, on the 1st day of December, 1882, and to indemnify the said Landing and Shipping Company of Kurrachee, Limited, against the same.

5. That the Liquidator be, and he is hereby, empowered to do all acts and exercise all powers comprised in Sections 201, 202, and 204 of the Indian Companies' Act 1882.

By order of the Directors,
A. McHINCH & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers,
Landing and Shipping Company of Kurrachee, Ld.
Kurrachee, 23rd November, 1882.

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Guiraud, fils & Co.'s Carte Blanche.	Rs. 33 0	Rs. 36 0
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Breakfasts, always ready ... ... from 8 a.m. until 12 noon.
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It is universally acknowledged that "THE CRITERION" is a Restaurant that has long been WANTED, it being so central and convenient for both Visitors and Residents.

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BOMBAY CASH BAZAARS

HAVE THE LARGEST AND CHOICEST COLLECTION
OF
PAINTINGS AND OLEOGRAPHS
IN INDIA.

ALL HAVE BEEN CHOSEN BY A CELEBRATED ARTIST AND ARE MARKED AT SUCH PRICES THAT WE DEFY COMPETITION.

CONNOISSEURS SHOULD NOT FAIL TO VISIT THE BOMBAY CASH BAZAARS DURING THE NEXT FIVE DAYS.

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AND

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RAMPART ROW,
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CARLTON WHISKEY, ELEVEN YEARS' OLD

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CARLTON WHISKEY.

THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS AND COMPANY, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON." They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the best Cognac Brandy, and guaranteed to be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

The following Letter has been received from the Secretary of the "CARLTON" CLUB :—

CARLTON CLUB, Dec. 20, 1875.

Messrs. R. MATHEWS & COMPANY.

GENTLEMEN,—In reply to your inquiry as to whether the Whiskey you are supplying to this Club is approved by the Members, the best answer I can give is that the consumption of this Whiskey in the Club has GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whiskey being MOST EXCELLENT. It is Old and Soft, and I may safely say that it is much approved by the Members.

Yours obediently,
W. GRIFFIN SUTTON, Secretary.

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the Shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of Whiskey, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules, and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

For Prices and Terms apply to CUTLER, PALMER & Co., Agents for India.

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ZOEDONE! ZOEDONE!

A COOL, SPARKLING, DELICIOUS, NON-ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE FOR DAILY USE.

ZOEDONE—Possesses both Tonic and Bracing qualities.
ZOEDONE—Invaluable to those recovering from Fever.
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ZOEDONE—NORMAN KERR, M.D., F.L.S., under date August 8 1881, writes :—

"My good opinion of ZOEDONE as a social drink has been amply confirmed by further observation."

ZOEDONE—WILLIAM FOSTER, M.A. (Cantab), F.C.S., &c., Professor of Chemistry at the Middlesex Hospital, Sept. 1, 1881 :—

"Its properties are those of an agreeable effervescent tonic."

ZOEDONE—SYED MAHOMED NABI ULLAH, of Allahabad, N.W.P. writes on 1st December, 1881, as follows :—

"Accept my sincere thanks for your idea of introducing ZOEDONE in India. I fear I cannot praise it enough. You know that a vast population of Her Majesty's subjects in India are Mahomedans, whose religion prohibits the use of wine or any other intoxicating liquor. Under such circumstances ZOEDONE is a boon and blessing to them. I think it is a health restoring, strengthening and nourishing beverage. From my own experience and from what I have ascertained from Medical men, I can certify that it is strictly non-alcoholic, and the very drink that the Indians generally and the Mussulmans particularly are in need of."

Price at Agents' warehouses, at Ports of Landing, Rs. 3 per dozen, in cases of 6 dozen pints.

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"Applications for Agencies," to F. WELSH, GENERAL MANAGER, INDIAN ZOEDONE COMPANY, LD., 7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

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BEG to draw attention to their new and splendid consignment of

PRESENTATION WATCHES
IN GOLD AND SILVER CASES,
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GENTLEMEN'S HUNTING OR CRYSTAL-FACED KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES IN HEAVY 18 CARAT GOLD CASES WITH COMPENSATION BALANCE WHEEL ...Rs. 250, 275, 300.

The same of the FINEST and STRONGEST make ... ... ,, 350, 380, 400, 425

FULL CHRONOMETER AND CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES... ,, 390, 450, 500, 550

These watches have been tested in a lighted stove and also under freezing point and their maximum variation is LESS than thirty seconds PER MONTH IN ANY TEMPERATURE.

LADIES GOLD WATCHES in the PRETTIEST and NEWEST designs at from ...Rs. 50 to 600.

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OLD DR. JACOB
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TO THOSE WHO SUFFER FROM CHANGE OF CLIMATE OR OTHERWISE.—Old Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla is an effective and pleasant Remedy for all Blood and skin Diseases. Pimples, Eruptions, and those Disorders attending residence in tropical climates.

CAUTION.—Get the red and blue wrapper with the Doctor's head in the centre. No other genuine. In bottles, 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., and 11s.

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SARSAPARILLA PILLS.

These suffering from BILIOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, and LIVER COMPLAINTS will find the use of these SARSAPARILLA PILLS keep them in health, and impart tone and vigour to the constitution. In boxes, 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

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Of which many thousands are now in use, and also of
BOILERS HAVING ALL RIVET HOLES DRILLED IN POSITION
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ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.

CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33, Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London. Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself, not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Choleraic Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is a DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, Sir, faithfully yours, Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists.

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.

Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

CAUTION.—Beware of Piracy and Imitations.

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—Eight patients affected with Phthisis pulmonalis in its first stage, treated by GRIMAULT'S SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME during a period varying between six weeks and four months, are so well recovered at the present time that there is no possibility to witness the presence of tubercles in their lungs; the cure reckons now two years.—*Vienna Medical Gazette*, Austria.

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Renowned Physicians prescribe GRIMAULT'S MATICO as the most active and at the same time the most inoffensive remedy in the treatment of ACUTE and CHRONIC DISEASES. It has not, like COPAIBA, the inconvenience of giving NAUSEAS. The Injection is used in recent, and the Capsules in the more chronic cases.

TO YOUNG MOTHERS.

—My breasts were losing daily the allowance required to nurse my baby, who was falling away by the eye, and I found myself in the sad alternative either of weaning him at a season too dangerous for his health, or to see him dwelling away from want of food. On this emergency I heard of DUSART'S SYRUP OF LACTOPHOSPHATE OF LIME, which I took. What was not my delight seeing in a short time my breast restored to a plentiful secretion, and my baby improve in strength and health. I owe this public testimony to the inventor of this precious medicine.

MRS. LOUNGER, Winchester.

ASTHMA CURED.

—For a long time past I was suffering from the *breathing organs*, when the idea occurred to me of using GRIMAULT & CO.'S INDIAN CIGARETTES, which procured me so great a relief that they have become indispensable to my existence.

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—GRIMAULT and Co.'s GUARANA owes its curative virtues to the great quantity of Caffein which it contains. Dr. Wilks, of the Guy's Hospital, declares in the BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL that the GUARANA acts "like a charm."

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FOR SALE, MESSRS. CURTIS'S and HARVEY'S GUN-POWDER, &c.

Loose Blastin Powder		in kegs of 25 lbs.	per keg.
Do.	F	do.	do.
Do.	FF	do.	do.
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Do.	FO	do.	do.
¼ lb. tins	F	in cases of 25 lbs.	per dozbl.
Do.	FF	do.	do.
Do.	FFF	do.	do.
lb. tins	F	do.	do.
Do.	FF	do.	do.
Do.	FFF	do'	do.
Do.	A W/1 American	do.	do.
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Do.	No. 6 Cannister	do.	per case.

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1. Lawn-Tennis Bats (carved or straight)	2 8	each.
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Cock handle and fancy bats with monograms made to order. Also just received Jefferies' best Lawn-Tennis and Racquet Gear. Apply to

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MR. J. X. PINTO, son and successor of the late J. G. PINTO, the Proprietor of the both well-known Hotels, respectfully begs to inform the public that the above Hotels are now OPENED to VISITORS. There are seven separate Bungalows attached to the Hotels, well adapted for families, for whose comforts every care is taken. The Hotels are well situated, occupy a central position, and are therefore very conveniently placed within the reach of several POINTS and Gymkhana, midway between the churches and the Government Offices, Library, &c., and in a breezy locality under the shade of large trees, which diminish the glare and keep the extensive compound always fresh and cool,

Trusting in the experience of more than a dozen years in the management of the Hotels under his late father, he solicits that he will receive the same patronage which the public have hitherto generously shown to his late father.

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Dining Tent with 2 or 3 rooms	32 by 22
Do. do.	3 by 21
Field Officers	29 by 17
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Stable for 4 Horses	...
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Subalterns	18 by 14
Do.	14 by 14
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Do.	10 by 10
Staff Officers	12 by 12
Bechoba Tent	12 by 12
Do.	10 by 10
Stable for 2 Horses	
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Necessary	5 by 5
Do.	4 by 4
FIELD SERVICE TENTS.	
For General Officers Weighing	200 lbs.
Do. Commanding Officers	150 lbs.
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All applications addressed to the undersigned will receive prompt attention.

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PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC strengthens the nervous and muscular system, improves digestion, animates the spirits, recruits the health. For debilitated health from the effect of hot climates this tonic is invaluable.

PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC rouses and developes the nervous energies, enriches the blood, promotes appetite, dispels languor and depression, fortifies the digestive organs. Is a specific remedy for neuralgia, ague, indigestion, fevers of every kind, chest affections and in wasting disease, scrofulous tendencies, &c. The whole frame is greatly invigorated by Pepper's Tonic, the mental faculties brightened, the constitution greatly strengthened, and a return to robust health certain. Bottles, 32 doses, 4s. 6d.; next size, 11s. Sold by Chemists everywhere. The name of J. Pepper, Bedford Laboratory, London, must be on the label. There is no Tonic so certain in effect as Pepper's Quinine and Iron. It is strongly recommended to residents in India and the Colonies, and should always be kept ready for use in every case of fever or febrile condition. Sold by TREACHER & Co.

TARAXACUM and PODOPHYLLIN—Prepared only by J. Pepper, London This Fluid combination, extracted from medicinal roots, is now used instead of blue pill and calomel for the cure of dyspepsia biliousness, and all symptoms of congestion of the liver, which are generally pain beneath the shoulders, headache, drowsiness, no appetite, furred tongue, disagreeable taste in the morning, giddiness, disturbance of the stomach, and feeling of general depression. It sets the sluggish liver in motion, very slightly acts on the bowels, giving a sense of health and comfort within 24 hours. It is the safest medicine. Taraxacum and Podophyllin is a fluid made only by J. PEPPER, Bedford Laboratory, London, whose name is on every label. Bottles, 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. Sold by all Chemists. A most valuable and essential medicine for India, Australia, the Cape, and Colonies generally.

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LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER is the best for restoring grey hair to its former colour. It produces a perfectly natural shade, and is absolutely harmless. Recommended for destroying scurf and encouraging growth of new hair.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER.—No other hair dressing is requisite. Large Bottles, 1s. 6d. Sold by Chemists, Hair-dressers, and Perfumers in London, and throughout the world.

Lockyer's is equal to any of the high-priced preparations. Sold by TREACHER & Co.

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POLICIES covering risks on MERCHANDISE, BUILDINGS, SPINNING MILLS, COTTON AND JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS, AND CLUBS, both in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favourable terms, COALS on the BUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

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REDUCTION TO EUROPEAN rates, when assured leaves either Alexandria or Port Said.

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The LONDON and LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Rs.	10,000,000
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(SUCCESSORS TO COLLETT & Co.
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179, BREACH CANDY ROAD,
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